Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

STOP making sport of Gen. Grant's physicians.

IT seems to be the opinion that cholera is to come to this country by way of Spain.

THERE have been 2,000 accessions to the Methodist churches of Philadelphia in six months.

JAMES G. BLAINE, "the noblest Roman of them all," will return to Maine to spend the summer.

AN onion was thrown at the Prince of Wales in Cork. We doubt, however, if it represented the real strength of the Irish movement.

MINISTER PHELPS expects much fun in detailing to the English sufferers how he helped the Emma mine swindle with his legal advice.

THEY don't delay the punishment of rebels long in Central America. A hundred in one day is evidence that the new authorities mean business.

APPORTIONMENT bills should go to the Governor not later than this week. A Republican Legislature cannot afford to make any mistakes just now.

CHICAGO is already scared about the cholera. With Carter Harrison for Mayor, impure drinking water, corrupt elections and frequent crimes, Chicago has enough to bear without a cholera panic.

SHOULD white-winged peace conclude finally to spread its beneficent and influential quills over Great Britain and Russia, there would not necessarily be aught suggestive in this of the white feather.

A GENTLEMAN well qualified for the position of minister to Persia has been recalled to make room for a Mr. Bayliss W. Hanna, who will probably starve to death in that country as he cannot talk the language.

THE *Atlanta Constitution* thinks that the dividing line between the blue and the gray is invisible. To Democratic eyes, the blue is certainly invisible; but the gray is coming out stronger and stronger, as the appointments are announced.

MISS FANNIE E. GRAY has taken charge of the *Daily News*. It is an excellent paper and will improve under her management. All who can afford to take a daily paper should subscribe for the only one published in Bellefonte, which is the *Daily News*.

Too late! too late! The *Watchman*, last week, contained an article against the temperance hygiene bill. Now if our contemporary had only thought of this false charge about Mrs. Hunt before the bill passed and was signed by the Governor the article would have been more to the point. Come, neighbor; you are getting old, slow and sleepy.

ONE more appointment—that of Mr. Keiley as minister to Italy. Was it made through Catholic influences? If our brave, much-lauded President yields to influences exerted by any single religious body to the prejudice of others he shows weakness and does wrong, but he seems to have been peculiarly unfortunate in his appointments.

GEN. GRANT is taking his cold mutton and macaroni with a relish that augurs well for continued improvement. There is a growing suspicion that the General has no cancer but merely malignant sore throat. The doctors are positive, however, that it is epithelioma, a name that tastes of Greek strongly enough to have choked an ordinary man long ago.

Commerce and War.

The effect that the war between England and Russia will have on the trade of this country is shown in an editorial in the Philadelphia *Press* whose editors are well informed on this subject. The *Press* says:

It has been asked what indications our commerce during the Crimean war gives of the probable effect of another war between England and Russia. In 1854 we were more than an agricultural country, and had given up for seven years previously the ambition to make ourselves independent of Europe for manufactures. Russia was in the same position and had as good as no fleet. So the war effected us only as putting us in a position to profit by her temporary loss of her markets for grain and timber. The creation of a Russian fleet sufficient to interrupt England's commerce by sea, and the rise of the United States into a formidable rival of England's manufacturing supremacy, are events which have made the situation in 1885 very different from 1854.

In 1854 we were living under the wretched Horizontal Tariff of 1846. The adoption of that tariff had been a response to the abolition of the English Corn laws and the opening of English markets to our breadstuffs. It was foretold that the American farmer was to have a steady, abundant and remunerative market for his wheat, since England had agreed to give him free access to the greatest market for food in the world. At first it seemed not unlikely that that these promises were to be realized. In 1847, thanks to the Irish famine, and the consequent deficit in England's food supply, we sold breadstuffs to Europe to the value of $68,701,921. In the next two years our sales averaged but $38,000,000, and in 1850-52 they fell to but $24,000,000 a year. In 1853, on the eve of the war, we sold nearly $33,000,000. But when the outbreak of war had shut off the supply of wheat Western Europe drew from the Ukraide through Odessa, our exports rose to nearly $66,000,000. This was overdoing the matter in a speculative way, and next year there was a fall to less than $39,000,000. But in the year following the effect of the war in forcing up the demand for our grain was seen in an export of $77,000,000.

As the war interrupted the timber trade of the Baltic, the demand for our lumber experienced a similar increase. From less than $8,000,000 of exports in 1852 there was a rise to nearly $12,000,000 in 1854, and then to $12,500,000 in 1855, with a reduction of $1,000,000 in 1856.

These seem to have been the only articles seriously affected by the war, unless we set down the much increased export of bullion in those years to the speculative tendency fostered by the war. In payment for excessive imports of English manufactures we sent out an average of $45,326,000 in the three years of the war. But we had been climbing up to this through all the previous years, and the export of 1852 was but little less than that of 1855

These figures have some applicability to our present situation, but, for reasons we have suggested, the change of the course of commerce would be much greater now.

How different the situation in Utah is since the passage of the Edmunds bill. Before, the polygamists were boldly defying United States authority, and with insolent smirk and perjury demonstrating that they were above governmental authority. Like Tweed they asked while acknowledging their offense, "what are you going to do about it?" Now, they are realizing what we are going to do about it. A dozen or more of the leading prophets hiding, to avoid arrests on warrants issued for them; one of them convicted, and declaring that he will never do it again, while the rest of them are trying to hide their practices in the past so as to avoid arrest. Polygamy has reached its last ditch and there it will die.

The Free Trade President.

When Mr. Cleveland was a candidate for President he was proven to be a free trader and the objections to him on that score were among the most important presented to the consideration of voters. His acts since he became President show that, while he is not a hide-bound partisan, he will sacrifice everything (yea, even the Democratic party), for the love he bears his favorite free trade dogma. The only qualification for office is that the applicant be a free trader, and the more important the office the greater the necessity that the applicant be sound in this respect. For this reason, a free trade Mugwump, notwithstanding the number of years he may have affiliated with the Republican party, will be selected for office over the most faithful and life-long Democrat.

He has been especially careful to choose free traders to fill the positions which have to do with the relations of this country with foreign countries.

The first notoriously conspicuous appointment was that of Mr. Phelps to be Minister to England. He is said to be an English sympathiser and an admirer of English institutions. For this reason, Gov. Curtin, who is a protectionist, was passed by and Mr. Phelps appointed. Mr. Phelps is a Democrat, but that is not so much against him as the fact that his love for England and his dislike of American institutions do not make him an efficient or safe minister plenipotentiary.

An appointment of a similar character was that made by Secretary Bayard when he named H. Sydney Everett as chief of the diplomatic bureau of the State Department. What he is like is best told by the New York *World*, Democratic, which paper would be only too glad to speak a work for Mr. Cleveland's secretary and appointments if any could be said. The *World* says: Mr. Everett is the son of Edward Everett. He has been a life-long Republican and was appointed as a Republican by Mr. Evarts, when he was Secretary of State, to the Secretaryship of the Berlin Mission. Mr. Everett is about fifty years of age. He has lived abroad for a great many years and has been in London for a long time. He is one of the most extreme of Anglo-maniacs and is much more aristocratic in his inclinations than Minister Phelps. He is a worshiper of English methods. The Diplomatic Bureau under his direction will be run in the interests of English people. He has no sympathy with his own countrymen and little fondness for this country.

AFTER a long delay the finding of the court-martial in the case of General Hazen has been published. He is declared guilty of "conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline," and the court recommended that he "be censured in orders by the reviewing authority." The official reprimand says that "the accused, whose high rank and long experience in the service should have inspired him with a full realization of that respect for constituted authority which is essential to military discipline, has been adjudged guilty of indulging in unwarranted and captious criticism of his superior officer, the Secretary of War, thereby setting a pernicious example subversive of discipline and the interests of the service."

No doubt is left that the dread Asiatic contagion has hibernated in Spain. It has never lingered over into a second summer abroad without invading America. The lessons of previous epidemics ought to be sufficient to teach every householder the necessity of precaution. Disinfectants are not costly, and the common instincts of self defence should overcome the American tendency to put off the preparations that must surely be made to fight the cholera.

At Gettysburg.

In pursuance of the plan adopted by the veterans of the late war to visit, each spring, some one of the celebrated battle-fields of the Union, the pilgrimage will this season be made to Gettysburg. The fixed time for the visit is May 4th and 5th.

The great success attending the previous visits of the veterans to Fredericksburg and elsewhere, and the wide interest manifested by the old soldiers of both armies, indicate that the Gettysburg meeting will not only be largely attended, but highly valuable, from an historical point of view, and full of interest to the participants in the scenes enacted there twenty-two years ago. The meeting will bring together numbers of the most distinguished men of the land. The President with his Cabinet; the "War Governors" and present Governors of the States, distinguished officers and soldiers of both armies, and men prominent in the councils of the nation, will honor the occasion with their presence. Not only from the vicinity of the field will the veterans come, but from States North, South, East, and West, soldiers and civilians are sending assurances of their attendance.

The pilgrimage is made under the auspices of the First and other Corps of the Army of the Potomac, but the invitation covers every officer and soldier of the late war.

In order to accommodate the visitors the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from points on its line to Gettysburg, on May 2d, 3d, and 4th, good to return until the 6th inclusive, at greatly reduced rates.

THE utterly reckless and criminal character of too much American architecture is terribly illustrated by the fall of the eight five story tenement houses in New York and the loss of lives which resulted from it. It would seem incredible, if it were not known to be a fact, that houses of such, or indeed, of any dimensions could be built without mortar and the utter inutility of the laws of inspection is shown by the fact that they were allowed to be erected. The circumstance is extraordinary but there is no city or town in the land where the conditions of reasonable safety in architecture are not daily violated in one way or another to the peril of the lives of innocent persons.

IF the dispatch was true, England is willing to buy peace with Russia by agreeing that Penjdeh shall be added to the latter, provided the Ameer of Afghanistan can be brought to consent to it. Here is a backing down with a vengeance, and unavailable except as a postponement. It is very peaceful, and peacefulness is pleasant. But it is not the way England made her Empire, nor the way she is going to preserve it.

THOSE doleful philosophers who tell us that the world's population is increasing so rapidly that in a little while there won't be room for us all, have collected their statistics without reckoning on the fasting craze. A Minnesota woman is the latest victim of the mania to starve one's self to death. If this thing goes on it may accomplish more in the way of human extinction than wars and pestilence.

THE rumor that Governor Pattison is about to resign to accept an appointment tendered him by Cleveland has been denied by Mr. Pattison, but is again asserted as fact. Our readers can believe what they choose in regard to it, although we see no reason to believe it and we are disposed to take the Governor's word as conclusive.

THE Connecticut legislature is opposed to dynamite and has passed a law imposing a maximum penalty of 20 years imprisonment, or $5,000 fine for manufacturing or selling it in the State or for having it in possession.

A NATIONAL Commercial Convention is to be held in Atlanta, Ga., on May 19, 20 and 21. If all attend this convention who will be eligible as delegates the city will be thronged by thousands. For instance, the Governors of each State, eight National delegates, a delegate from every organization which exists for general commercial purposes, and one from every community of over 2,000 inhabitants and an additional delegate for each additional 5,000 of population. The object in proposing and organizing this important meeting is to have it result in the largest possible betterment of the business affairs of the whole people of the United States.

THE latest advices from West Virginia seem to indicate that the recent stories of starvation in that State are much exaggerated. The long and severe winter has indeed made provisions scarce and dear; and as is usual in such cases, the more shiftless members of the community have been reduced to great straits. But the local papers assert no one is even in danger of starvation, and that there is no need of outside help, as the people of the State can take care of all cases of destitution that arise.

VICE-PRESIDENT HENDRICKS is a sly fox. The offer of the Russian Mission to ex-Senator McDonald, which was declined, is said to have been made at Mr. Hendricks' suggestion. He is accused of having carefully searched the records of the Department of State, and of having discovered that three representatives of the United States to the Court of the Czar have died since 1876—Jewell, Stoughton and Hunt. But McDonald declines to go away in that fashion. He means to live to fight another day.

APPOINTMENT CLERK HIGGINS, who is by no means the mere figurehead it was claimed he was to be when the position was given him, is making most elaborate arrangements for a "clean sweep" in the messengers, watchmen and laborers employed in the Treasury Department. He has a list of nearly 4,000 such employes prepared, and declares that they "must go." Unless a check is put upon the festive Eugene he will soon be a "bigger man" than old Cleve himself.

WHY all this ridicule cast on the doctors who are doing all they can for General Grant? What if they have succeeded in doing more than they hoped for? It is to their great credit. The idea of being willing to praise them if the General should die and ridiculing them because he is recovering. Why, it verily seems as though half the people and all the newspapers are afflicted with a species of lunacy.

WE have made a discovery. The *Watchman*, much as it seems to despise the *Centre Democrat*, is following in the latter's footsteps. The recent issue contained a rehash of the *Democrat's* absurd article on the temperance hygiene bill. Here, neighbor Furey, write something original; and when you write an article to please your member of assembly and bolster up his course, try to get ahead of your rival across the way.

THE general judiciary committee of the Pennsylvania Senate has, by a vote of six to five, agreed to report favorably the underground wire bill. The bill has been amended so as to apply only to Philadelphia and Pittsburg, and leaves it to councils to say when, where and in what manner the wires shall be buried.

THE Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin* suggests that Pulitzer's statue instead of that of Liberty be put on the Bartholdi pedestal. In defense of this suggestion it says that New Yorkers wouldn't know the difference.

THE Argentine government expedition reports Patagonia as a magnificent, fertile farming country, and not the barren place it has been described.

GENERAL NOTES.

An eighty ton gun costs £10,075.

Morphine parties are popular in Paris.

In India it costs more to get married than to die.

France has completed war vessels costing over $26,000,000.

Texas has 1,000,000 head of cattle belonging to non-residents.

Stanley, the explorer, has attended 150 complimentary dinners.

There have been nine wars in Europe within the last 30 years.

Elephants won't take medicine unless it has a drop of the "craythur" in it.

One of the New York papers has facilities for printing 26 copies per second.

There are 8,000 children in New York for whom there are no school accommodations.

An orange tree, one year old and only six inches high, is in full bloom at Lake City, Fla.

The San Bernardino, Cal., fruit growers have used 500,000 orange boxes this season.

A colored man named Williams, residing at Columbia, Fla., is reported to be 116 years old.

A New York skating-rink keeper has been arrested for admitting women dressed as men.

"An ideally pure water," explains a chemist, "should be clear, colorless, tasteless and odorless."

In an English cavalry regiment of 500 sabres there are usually but 330 horses ready for duty.

Some one estimates that religion costs each citizen of the United States one-half cent annually.

An 8-year-old miss of Stratford, Conn., is making preparation to enter the bonds of matrimony.

Ebert county, Ga., has a man who swoons at the sight of blood no matter where it comes from.

One roller skating rink in New York gives away 50,000 complimentary tickets every week.

It is considered somewhat strange that no Irishmen have been discharged from the English army.

Guests at Dublin Castle, the official residence of the lord lieutenant of Ireland, are given nothing to eat.

At a recent election for town officers in Smithtown, L. I., there were five Smiths on the Republican ticket.

It is proposed to utilize the Yellowstone Park for the preservation of the bison, which is now very nearly extinct.

Future numbers of the "Century Magazine" will be issued on the first day of the month of which each bears date.

Mammoth, Cal., once a flourishing and populous mining camp, is now without a soul within its extensive limits.

An effort is being made to cultivate the nettle, with the object of obtaining from it a material suitable for wearing.

A newsboy at Bridgeport, Conn., is said to have cleared $2,000 within the past twelve months by selling papers and periodicals.

A reef 2,800 feet in height, about six miles west of Tucson, A. T., contains many fossilized shellfish in excellent preservation.

An athlete advises stair climbers not to hurry nor to spring from stair to stair. They should step firmly, leisurely and keep erect.

Chambersburg's borough council has already given notice that it will enforce the ordinance against fireworks on the 4th of July.

In some parts of Norway wedding guests do not present their gifts to the newly wedded couple until the third day after the ceremony.

Employing messenger boys to look after other messenger boys, so that they will not stop on the way, is a new wrinkle in the telegraph service.

A musician, whose door-plate read, "G. Sharp," was very much disgusted to find one morning that some envious rival had written under it, "is A flat."

A beet that measured 65 inches around, 55 inches long and weighed 76 pounds, is spoken of in a California paper as having grown in Suisin county.

A New York prisoner tried to jump out of a window seventy-five feet from the ground. He said that he would rather die than go to prison for ten years.

The three trees that shaded the tent of Jefferson Davis at the spot where he was captured in Irwin Co., Ga., have since been struck by lightning and killed.

During the last year the street cars of New York City killed 21 persons and injured 108. Only 2 of those killed and 4 of the wounded were employes of the company.

A dog found a human skull in the Youghiogheny river at Sutterville. The skull was recognized by the teeth as belonging to one of two men who attempted to cross the river on an ice gorge at that point two years ago, and were drowned.

Poetry.

WHEN THE MISTS HAVE CLEARED AWAY.

When the mists have rolled in splendor
From the beauty of the hills,
And the sunshine, warm and tender,
Falls in splendor on the rills,
We may read love's shining letter
In the rainbow of the spray;
We shall know each other better
When the mists have cleared away.

If we err in human blindness,
And forget that we are dust,
If we miss the law of kindness
When we struggle to be just,
Snowy wings of peace shall cover
All the pain that clouds our way,
When the weary watch is over
And the mists have cleared away.

When the silvery mists have veiled us
From the faces of our own,
Oft we deem their love has failed us,
And we tread our path alone;
We should see them near and truly,
We should trust them day by day,
Neither love nor blame unduly,
If the mists were cleared away.

When the mists have risen above us,
As our Father knows his own,
Face to face with those that love us,
We shall know as we are known.
Low beyond the orient meadows
Floats the golden fringe of day;
Heart to heart we hide the shadows,
Till the mists have cleared away.

—*Every other Saturday.*

GRANT.

From the Dayton Journal.

It seemed to me that yesternight
I heard the branches sighing
Beneath my window, soft and low:
"The great war chief is dying!"
His marches o'er, his battles won,
His bright sword sheathed forever,
The grand old soldier stands beside
The dark and silent river;

While fame for him a chaplet weaves
Within her fairest bowers,
Of Shiloh's never-fading leaves,
And Donaldson's bright flowers;
Grim Vicksburg gives a crimson rose,
Embalmed in deathless story,
And Appamattox adds a star
To crown the wreath of glory.

He's dying now!—the Angel Death,
Insatiate and impartial,
With icy fingers, stoops to touch
The Union's old field marshal,
Who, like a soldier brave, awaits
The summons so appalling,
While o'er the land, from sea to sea,
The silent tear is falling.

Still in his veterans' hearts to-day
His battle drums are beating;
His bugles always blew advance—
With him was no retreating;
And tenderly, with moistened eye,
Columbia bends above him,
And everwhere the sorrowing heart
Tells how the people love him.

From golden fruited orange groves
To where the pines are sighing,
The winds waft messages of love
To Grant, the hero, dying.
The old world sends across the wave
A token of its sorrow;
The greatest chief alive to-day
May fall asleep to-morrow.

O touch the hero gently, Death!
The land is filled with weeping,
And he is passing like a child—
The counterfeit of sleeping.
A million boys in blue now stand
Around their dying brother;
The mighty world knows but one Grant,
'Twill never know another.

So let him die with honors crowned
To live fore'er in story;
The fields he won, the land he saved,
Will be his lasting glory.
O mighty Ajax of the North!
Old field marshal immortal!
My saddened heart's with thee to-day
Before the darkened portal.

I listened to the winds last night—
How mournful was their sighing!
It seems to me a nation sobs
O'er Grant, the soldier, dying.
O touch him, touch him softly, Death—
Insatiate and impartial;
He is the Union's mightiest chief—
My cherished old field marshal.

T. C. HARBAUGH.

Our Story Teller.

Sandy's Diamond.

"Now, Sandy, it's your turn; why don't you read? have you lost the place?"

Sandy straightened the tails of his ragged coat with an air of conscious virtue; he was not given to losing his place, whatever the others might be. "Now, Judas said this, not because he cared for the poor, but because he was a thief, and had the bag," he read out in a shrill treble. "It was an awful pity they let him keep the bag, then," he added by way of comment.

"Maybe they'd no ken he was a thief," suggested his neighbor, who was Sandy's chief friend and ally; "and maybe you wad have helped yoursel' a bit now and again, Sandy, if you'd had as good a chance."

"Speak for yousel', Sam Knox," was Sandy's hasty retort. "I'm no thief, at any rate."

"Boys, attend to the lesson," interrupted the teacher, and the debate had perforce to be postponed for the present.

Sandy marched home after school, swelling with indignant pride, utterly declining Sam's usual escort. The two boys were friends more from force of circumstances than natural affinity. Both earned a scanty income in London, carrying parcels and messages from the railway to the different quays; but though they held the same profession, and were comrades to a certain extent, Sandy by no means considered Sam in the light of an equal; his clothes were in many degrees more ragged; his shoes a thing of the past, or future, and, in point of family connections—well, there could be no comparison between Sam's drunken father and his own thrifty, hard-working mother. Decidedly Sam must be made to understand that he was not to disparage his superiors in public with impunity.

The coolness lasted some days, and might have lasted much longer, but for a starling adventure that befell Sandy. Trudging round the edge of the dock at dusk one evening, with a huge package for a coasting steamer, his foot struck against something—something that glittered in the dim light. "Just a bit of glass," he said to himself, turning it over with the toe of his shoe; and then he dropped his burden with a crash, and swooped down upon "his find."

It was a ring, dull and tarnished with mud, but neither crushed nor broken, and the "bit of glass" was the stone. It gleamed out like the windows on the opposite shore at sunset. In his younger days, before he became such a practical person, he had firmly believed that Paradise lay over there; he knew better now, but for a moment, as it lay on his palm, he almost fancied it must have come from that region.

Only for a moment; then Sandy was his cautious little self again. He rolled it up carefully with the private store of halfpence that even his mother, worthy woman, did not know of, shouldered his package and delivered it at the tiny booking office at the end of the quay, sturdily argued out the question of an additional penny on account of its size with the clerk, and got it, and then he betook himself to a solitary corner of the dock wall and sat down behind a sugar cask to consider matters.

First and foremost, should he tell his mother? He rather thought not. She might insist upon delivering it up to the authorities, and taking the chance of a possible reward: and Sandy had an exceedingly uncomfortable conviction that was just what he ought to do. Yet he remembered a boy who found a pocketbook on the gangway, and the owner only gave him a shilling for it; and another who found a telescope and got nothing. Sandy felt that fortune lay within his grasp, and that if he had to barter it away for one shilling, or even five, it would be paying too dearly for principles.

He had heard of rings being worth hundreds of pounds, and if this was worth but one—or even, to be safer still, fifty. The tide rippled in below his feet unheeded, the long line of gas-lamps twinkled like yellow stars in the black, restless river, the keen wind whistled through the rigging behind; Sandy saw and felt nothing wrapped in blissful visions of that modest fifty.

For two whole days he carried the secret alone, then his responsibility became too heavy, and tacitly ignoring past differences, he waited on the quay one dinner-hour for Sam Knox, binding him over to strict secrecy, though on that head he had little fear, for Sam whatever his failing might be, had never been known to do a shabby thing to a friend.

"Sam, I've got something to tell you; I've had a find."

"One bawbee or twa?" queried Sam, indifferently.

"Just wait till you get a sight of it! It's worth more bawbees than you ever saw all your days."

"So your not going to give it up to the authorities?" Sam asked curiously, when he had heard the story.

"And maybe get nothing at all, like Jem McCullock," answered Sandy, shortly. "You'd no do that yourself, Sam Knox."

"No, I'd not," agreed Sam, frankly; "but you've always professed such a lot more."

A dull red flush crept up to Sandy's brow. He had not counted upon Sam being sharp enough to view the case in that light.

"Anyhow, let us have a look at it," went on Sam, magnanimously pursuing that point no further.

Behind the sugar-cask, after infinite precautions, the treasure was produced for inspection.

"How much do you think I'll get for it?" he asked, deferring to Sam's judgment for once. He was much older, and might reasonably be expected to have some experience in valuables—other people's, if not his own.

"I mind of hearing a man say once, that he gave £20 for one not near as big as that; but you'll not get as much, for who's going to believe you didn't steal it?"

"Steal it!" echoed Sandy, in angry dismay.

"Aye, but you've got to make folks believe your story, and who are you going to get to buy it?"

"I thought you might ken of some place," faltered Sandy, rather crestfallen.

"Well, I ken of one or twa. I'll look out and tell ye in the morn."

And then the conference broke up, and the two went back to their parcels.

Sam pondered the matter over as he lounged about the docks that day. Steady work was not his strong point, and the diamond had taken powerful hold of his imagination. He did wish with all his heart it had been his luck instead of Sandy's to have found it; he felt he could have made far better use of it.

"If there was any hope of his sharing it with a fellow, it would be different, but he'll just keep every penny to himself. Serve him right if he went and lost it again."

Over and over that reflection crept up. Sandy had already strayed from the right path for the sake of the diamond. Sam was the next to fall a victim to its fascination.

He thought of it hour after hour, till it seemed as if he must have it by fair means or foul, and he doubted fair means would avail much with a lad like Sandy.

Saturdays were busy days on the quays, and the next day both Sam and Sandy were hurrying backward till after dark. It was a gusty, stormy night, and as Sandy went down one of the gangways on his last journey the steamer gave a sudden lurch that sent him and his packages flying across the deck; worse still, out rolled the contents of his pockets, and before Sandy had recovered his feet and his scattered senses the scrap of paper shrouding the precious ring was lodged inside Sam's waistcoat. He happened to have been standing just under the gangway, and lost no time in availing himself of the unlooked for chance.

It was all the work of a minute. Sandy gathered up his property and went back on shore without observing his friend. Sam, fairly glowing with satisfaction at the beautiful way things had arranged themselves, quietly retired to the docks wall to congratulate himself at leisure, No more heavy packages to drag up and down those steep bridges, no more supperless nights and breakfastless mornings. Sandy had built no taller castles round that diamond then he was building now.

"Sam, Sam!" broke in a pitiful voice, "I've been looking everywhere for you. I've lost my diamond."

"You've what?" cried Sam, with an incredulous stare that reflected credit on his powers of dissimulation.

"Lost it—in that boat, and she's away now, and I'll never, never get it back. It's hard."

Sandy put his head down on the iron rail, and groaned aloud in bitter disappointment.

Sam looked on in silence; he was naturally a hard-hearted lad, and for a minute the impulse was strong to give the ring back; the feel of his empty pockets brought back more prudential considerations.

"After all, it's only what he did himself," he argued; "he found it and kept it, and that's what I'm doing."

He made one or two ineffectual attempts to console poor, miserable Sandy, and got himself away as speedily as practicable into a back street, where dwelt a certain German, who kept a kind of money-lending and general exchange and barter establishment for the benefit of sailors and emigrants. Saturday night was far advanced, and if he, Sam, meant to reap any immediate benefit from his possession, it was necessary to lose no time.

He slipped softly in, and addressed himself to the proprietor.

"I picked up something in the dock to day, and I wad like to ken the worth of it gin I cared to part with it."

"What is it?" demanded the man, briefly.

"It's a ring—a diamond one," answered Sam, speaking under his breath.

"Where is it?"

Sam slowly unfolded the wrappers, and laid it, with a sort of gasp, in the man's dingy palm. How it glittered in the gaslight! Sam watched it with eager eyes. "A nice thing to have gone and given that away again," he said to himself.

The German looked at the treasure under the gas-jet for a moment, and touched it with his tongue; then he threw it down on the counter with a sort of laugh.

"Diamonds, indeed! A bit of glass!"

"It's no!" ejaculated Sam, with dry lips. "You're cheating!"

The man knocked it smartly against the iron scales. Alas! the unfortunate diamond vanished away into dusty powder.

"But the ring—that's gold!" cried Sam in despair. It was the one last forlorn hope.

"Take it away; no one would g ve you a sixpence for it."

Sam picked it up without a word. when he got outside he flung it into the nearest gutter. Was it for this he had cheated Sandy, and made himself afraid to meet him—for this? Why couldn't he have left him to find out the miserable cheat for himself? It was the very first time he had ever played a friend a shabby trick, and in wrath and bitterness of spirit Sam registered a solemn resolution that it should be the last.

The sight of Sandy's woe-begone countenance when they met at the school next morning also helped to strengthen it. Sam realized, with a sinking heart, that he would never be able to explain to him how little cause for regret he really had. For weeks, for months—even years—he might have to listen to the lamentations over that unparalleled loss.

They had the conclusion of the Judas tragedy that morning. The two lads wandered round the quay afterward almost in silence, each privately repenting after his own fashion.

"If I on,' taken that diamond to the stati ' soberly remarked Sandy breaking into a long pause, "I might—I might have got three or four pounds for it instead of just nothing. It served me right. I'm thinking maybe there was some allowance to be made for Judas. After all, riches are an awful snare—nobody knows till they get them."

"They are," ejaculated Sam, with great ferver. "There's no depending on them, and I'm thinking we'll be just as well without any."

"Ah, but you never had a diamond," retorted Sandy, with a sudden burst of sorrow for his lost treasure.

"No, I never had," was Sam's truthful answer.

The Situation.

Chicago Herald.

England—What did you hit my little brother for?

Russia—He made faces at me and I gave him a wipe.

England—You oughter be in better business, a great big duffer like you.

Russia—Well he tantalized me into it, so he did.

England—That's your excuse; but what reparation do you intend to make?

Russia—I didn't mean fer to do it, but it you give me too much o' yer lip I'll lick you, too.

It is pointed out in a French paper that of the twenty celebrations that have been held of the invention of printing not one was held in France. Books were published in France as early as 1470, but the three earliest printers in Paris were Germans, and most of their early successors were also Germans.

The President's Sister.

In June, 1883, Miss Elizabeth Cleveland, present mistress of the white house, delivered an address before the Elmira, N. Y., Female College, which the Presbyterian *Evangelist* pronounces "great"—a deserved compliment to an excellent woman. It was entitled "Altruistic Faith," and for her illustration she took Chedidja, first wife of Mohammed, who was rich, and much older than he was when she married him. When asked in later years why he did not put her away and take a younger wife, he replied he loved her best because she believed in him when all men despised him. Chedidja's faith made Mohammed.

There is faith in God, faith in self, and in humanity. This first produces others. Faith in humanity believes that life is worth living and worth saving. You will have much hunger and thirst, will crave affection when the bloom of youth is supplanted by the ashen hue of age; will cry aloud for help in infirmities, must needs come, because those on whom women rely, though themselves powerless to relieve them of their intolerable aches, pains, prostrations, sleepless nights of agony, and days of distress—because of the narrowness of their code and the selfishness of their purpose—restrain them from resorting to those agencies which may lift women to a plane of greater usefulness, and to a nobler life.

Many a woman lacks the faith of Chedidja. If they had faith in their own reserve of physical power, confidence in the personal experience of others would follow; and instead of a race of suffering mortals—slaves to the prejudices of those whose only interest in them is bounded by their professional fees—we should see nobility of station reinforced by nobility of mind, and robustness of life.

The power to rid themselves of the aches, pains and desperate despair which afflict them, "is in women, and ought to come out. You all have a countless amount of testimony." Some one will say to you "Go on and you will conquer."

"How?" Do as your sisters have done! Have faith in their indisputable experiences. We want more life and fuller, and need all the help we can get. Man would fail were it not for the Chedidjas. There is much in good digestion to keep a woman sweet and lovable. There is more in thorough action of all her energies by regular physical and mental effort, for if they are wanting women can not have the physical comfort so craved and prayed for. To secure this, the help they need, the help that thousands have already used and to which they say they owe all they possess, is happiness and activity. Mrs. Maria C. Treadwell, Stamford, Conn., (president of the State Woman's Christian Temperance Union) a well known lady, says "it is the only thing which will ever help my sex." These intelligent ladies have blessed the world because they have become Chedidjas, who have felt it their duty to declare their own faith and to inspire their sisters with confidence in the extraordinary upbuilding energy of constant joyful activity of mind and muscle.

Miss Cleveland has evidently an original and fertile mind, and we are indebted to her interesting lecture, a few thoughts from which we have copied, for a text out of which the above suggestions have grown.

A Sunken Continent.

All over the length and breadth of Polynesia we have traces of a large and skilled population. We cannot see how they could be supported by the land now exposed above the sea level. Are we not forced to suppose that in their day there was more land for them to live on? And if that be so, how else could this land have disappeared save by subsidence beneath the sea? Now, if such a land has subsided, we should expect to find at the bottom some of the coral formation that was built upon its immediate edges, and, we do so find the coral.

That the subsidence was a gentle one, we find that the statues at Rapanrnui and in the Ladrones have not been toppled over, as they most certainly would have been had the subsidence been a sudden consequence of volcanic scismatic action. We find the same result also from the fact that the coral exists as well between the various groups as on the edges of the old continent. This coral could, however, not have grown when the space between the groups was dry land, nor after it had sank 100 feet below the mean low-tide level. The subsidence must then have been sufficiently slow for the coral to grow while it was passing through that 100 feet from low water mark The subsidence could not have been even, nor could each part of the continent have sunk through an equal distance, for it is physically impossible to compress a sphere evenly.

The writer's own impression is that there has been many years ago a continent lying, roughly speaking, between 40 degrees north and 25 or 30 degrees south, probably joined to the American Continent between Hawaii and Lower California, if nowhere else; its western limit I have not yet the date to guide me in conjecturing. It probably included a great part of Australia and perhaps joined the continental system of Asia. If this be indeed so, and if Atlantis stretched across the Atlantic and taking in Yucatan, joined Oceanica, it may be that in remote times the dry land of this earth formed an equatorial belt, with open seas to both north and south of it. Still there lingers in Polynesia in in dim tradition the faint memory of that day when the men of Oceanica left their statues half carved, their marais half built and fled to the mountains before the terrific onrush of the sea, and when only they who reached the highest mountain peaks were saved alive they had their families to begin the world anew.

Beating the Fifteen Puzzle.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

A widower and son courted and married a widow and daughter, the son marrying the mother and the father marrying the daughter. Can you explain the relationship all around. SUBSCRIBER.

A stagger can be made at it anyhow. It had better be started with a diagram

Widow. Widower.
X
Daughter. Son.

The sawbuck arrangement is rather difficult of solution. When the widower married the daughter he became father-in-law to the widow, who was his daughter-in-law; or in other words, was father-in-law to his own mother-in-law. Do you grasp? His wife became the step-mother of of her son-in-law, who was in fact her half-brother, being the full son of his father, her husband. The son and widow who married without the aid of a net caused a complication somewhat like the following:

When the son married the widow he became the father-in-law of his own father, because his wife was his father's wife's mother. [Would you like a whiff of the smelling salts?] By this last marriage the son became the step-father of his step-mother who was his step-daughter. Touching the widow, she is the mother of her daughter and is also the daughter-in-law of her daughter who recently became her mother in law.

The widow is likewise the daughter in-law of her husband's father, who, it cannot be denied is her son in-law, by being her daughter's husband. By marrying the widow the son became the son in-law of her mother, for the reason that she was the wife of his father. When the son married the widow he became the father of his father's wife, his half sister his own daughter because she was the daughter of his own wife. [Are you still alive?] Referring to the old man for a few minutes, it would seem that when he married the daughter he became his son's wife's son in-law, that lady, it must not be forgotten, being also his daughter-in-law, although the mother of his wife.

The father's wife, as stepmother to his children, was, therefore, stepmother to her mother and stepfather, the latter being the son of her husband. Supposing, if you are not too tired that the son was blessed with a girl baby; then ordinarily, she would be the father's grandchild, but in this instance, the old man being son-in-law to the son, he in addition to being its grandfather, is a half brother to the infant, and the child is half-sister to its grandmother. In case the daughter should have twins, a boy and girl, why, then, as the poet truly remarks—.—

Not His Property.

From Texas Siftings.

"Will you be kind enough to take that grip sack off that seat," said a countryman, who got on a train at Luling.

"No, sir, I don't propose to do anything of the sort," replied the drummer, who was sitting on the other side of the seat.

"Do you say that you are going to let that grip sack stay right there?"

"Yes, sir; I do."

"In case you don't remove that grip sack, I shall be under the painful necessity of calling the conductor."

"You can call in the conductor, the engineer, and the brakeman if you want to. Perhaps you had better stop at the next station and send a special to old Jay Gould himself about it."

"The conductor will put you off the train."

"I don't care if he does. I am not going to take that grip sack from that place where it is."

The indignant passenger went through the train, and soon returned with the conductor.

"So you refuse to move that grip sack, do you?" asked the conductor.

"I do."

Great sensation.

"Why do you persist in refusing to move that grip sack?"

"Because it's not mine."

"Why didn't you say so at once?"

"Because nobody asked me!"

The Louisville Maiden and the Memphis Man.

From the Memphis Sunday Times.

A Louisville girl who was visiting here a short time ago scored a signal triumph over a fresh young society man of this city. They were sitting upon a sofa together, and as the conversation progressed he allowed his arm to gradually fall down until he had it around her waist.

She arose very indignant, and he made the following explanation and apology: "I hope you will not think anything of this. It is just a way I have. All the Memphis boys act the same way, and you will have to get used to it. I hope you will not take any offence at it, as it's just my way."

She left the room but came back in a few minutes with a married friend and sat down on the sofa again. Soon she began to yawn and give every ostensibly proof of being thoroughly bored. Finally she said: "I'm dreadfully sleepy, and I hope you'll go home. You mustn't take any offence at this. All the Louisville girls act the same way. You are exceedingly tiresome, and you had better go home at once. Don't be offended at this. It is simply a way I have."

He stood not upon the order of his going.

Of Interest to Ladies.

Irish poplins are again in fashion.

Yellow flowers are very fashionable.

Color plays an important part in fancy dress bonnets.

The new evening gloves are as long or longer than ever.

The new spring hats are very high in the crown and narrow in the brim.

Ribbons striped in canvas gauze and watered silk come for bonnet trimmings.

Lace bonnets will be much worn as soon as the weather will permit their use.

The new capote bonnets are of medium size, and are very quiet and modest in effect.

Great bunches of flowers, all of one kind, are favorite hat and bonnet decorations this spring.

Braid and embroidery in the greatest imaginable variety of patterns adorn the new jersey jackets.

Fancy bonnets are made of tinsel and novelty fabrics of various kinds over frames of wire and lace net.

The peak brimmed poke bonnet reappears among spring millinery imported hats and bonnets.

Small sunflowers on flexible stem nod over the crowns of many of the new imported hats and bonnets.

Soft Surah satin and taffeta scarfs for trimming bonnets come in broad stripes of soft shaded color.

Spring velvets come in all the new shades of mastic, tan, brick red, Russian green, and gray and brown shades.

Wide tinsel braids put on in bands and long looped cabbage bows are trimmings of spring hats.

Canvas woven linen etamine ribbons shot with bars of gold thread trim some of the Paris bonnets and hats.

The wild bushiness of frizzled bang is abated until now it is reduced to a modest waved fringe on the forehead.

Yeast for Young Men.

A young man asks if it is unlucky to get married before breakfast. No; only idiotic.

"Room wanted," advertises a young man. That's the trouble with most young men—they want room.

It is said the highest insult that can be offered to a Russian maiden is to spread tar on her front gate. Perhaps it holds her beau until the old man comes out and kicks him.

"A San Francisco society young man is making a collection of ladies gloves." Up to the hour of going to press the ladies have given him more "mittens" than gloves.

Ouida says a "girl's love must never be begged but conquered." But in order to get a girl's love, experience teaches, her opinion must also be concurred in.

Some girls in Minneapolis have organized a red ribbon club with the motto: "The lips that touch wine shall never touch mine." The average Minneapolis youth is studying whether to swear off drinking or kissing.

Never conclude that your bright eyed darling is an ethereal creature who lives upon the sunshine of your manly love until the cook has been asked as to the pile of pancakes which the angel can get away with when she is breakfasting alone.

Some people are born cheeky, Some achieve cheek thrust upon them, but when you come to a whole face it is found in the fellow who will let his girl go to the roller rink alone, pay her own admission and the rental for skates, and a half hour later he comes up, skates all the evening with her and then takes her home and wants her to kiss him at the gate.

All Sorts.

Grace Greenwood claims that "literary women live happier lives than fashionable women."

The relations between European nations have been strained so often they should be perfectly clear now.

Mrs. Phelps, the wife of the new minister to England, is handsome, amiable, and has a fortune of her own.

It is only the woman who is given away in marriage. The man will give himself away before the honeymoon is over.

Christine Nilsson has received from King Alfonso the cross of the Order of Beneficence, founded by his mother.

The deepest well in the world is at Buda Pesth, Hungary, said to be 3,200 feet deep. It is evidently not on a dairy farm.

This country controls three-quarters of the cornfields of the whole world. This shows the American bunion's progress.

An apple tree 186 years old still shows signs of life in Cheshire, Conn. It is 60 feet high, and the yearly yield has often been 125 bushels.

Teacher—"How many wars were waged with Spain?" Pupil—"Six." Teacher—"Enumerate them." Pupil—"One, two, three, four, five, six.

"The markets begin to wear a tropical aspect," writes a Boston reporter as an introduction to a statement that he had seen a bunch of bananas at a fruit stand.

Miss Cleveland positively and for the third time refuses to interfere with the drinking arrangements handed down by a long line of Republican presidents to her brother in the white house. She is a Republican herself, but she has had enough experience with democrats to know how useless it is to attempt to shut off their poison.

Miscellaneous.

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S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. M. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

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G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office on second floor of Reynolds' bank building, Allegheny street. 8-23

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Brief Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The colored people celebrated Emancipation day with great enthusiasm.

DUBLIN, April 16.—The royal party arrived safety at Killarney this afternoon and with the exception of some slight hissing were cordially greeted.

ST. LOUIS, April 16.—A dispatch just received by the chief of police leaves no doubt that Maxwell sailed from San Francisco on the City of Sydney.

READING, Pa., April 15.—The grand jury to-day recommended that all tramps be banished from the county, and that all vagrants arrested be made to do hard labor.

ST. PAUL, April 16.—The Dispatch's Blunt, Dakota, special says. J. H. Bell, who murdered F. G. Small, at Harold, last December, was lynched last night at this place.

PITTSBURG, April 15.—Chris Bradford, the famous life-saver, died to-day of paralysis. During the past seven years he, along with his brothers Ned and Mike, saved 523 lives at the Atlantic City beach.

READING, Pa., April 15.—The jury in the case of John Flowers, on trial for the murder of Thomas South, a fellow inmate of the the county almshouse, this afternoon rendered a verdict of acquittal on the ground of insanity.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 16.—A severe cyclone passed over one section of the State to-day between Charlotte and Lumberton, near Hamlet, blowing down trees, fences and houses and doing great damage. No lives lost as far as heard from.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 15.—In Holt county last night, a farmer named William Clark, shot and Killed Mrs. Hardin, a widow aged 42 and her daughter Annie, aged 16, shot and wounded a boy of the family, aged 14, and then killed himself.

SEA ISLE CITY, N. J., April 14.—The Lilley Hotel, the Allwright House and Struthers' bathing establishment were burned to the ground at about five o'clock this morning. Loss about $20,000, mostly covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

RED BLUFF, Cal., April 16.—Some tramps called yesterday at the ranch of Senator Stanford at Vina and were driven away. At daylight this morning the stables were discovered to be on fire. They contained 115 horses and mules, all of which except four, were burned to death.

CHICAGO, April 15.—Miss Frances E. Willard has written to the Associated Press denying that she ever sent a communication to the Hillsboro Presbytery assuming that she had received a divine revelation. She disavows having addressed that association in any way whatever.

MILWAUKEE, April 16.—The appearance of a mad dog in the northwestern part of the city last evening caused great excitement. An effort to run down and kill him was not successful until twelve children and one man had been bitten. The police fear that there are other cases not yet reported. Some bites are quite severe.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 16.—At the meeting of the Illinois congressmen yesterday, called by Mr. Morrison to discuss the question of federal appointments, all were present except Springer, Townsend and Lawler. It was arranged that after the 20th of this month every person should go in and get what he could.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Secretary Manning to-day appointed John A. O'Neil, of Hoboken, N. J., to be superintendent of the bureau of engraving and printing, at a salary of $3,600 per annum, vice George W. Casiler, removed. There are no charges against Mr. Casiler, and he feels somewhat surprished at his summary dismissal.

Voting Away the Money.

HARRISBURG, April 16.—The afternoon session of the house being for the consideration of appropriation bills, the following were passed finally: To provide for the expenses required by an act for the continuance of the education and maintenance of soldiers' orphans, $700,000; for the Pennsylvania Institution for Deaf and Dumb, $175,000; to supply deficiency in appropriation for the support of destitute children of deceased soldiers, $22,250; for the payment of part of salary due Dillor Luther, $2,000. Adjourned.

Rebellious Canadian Troops.

MONTREAL, April 16.—Great surprise has been caused here by the receipt of news that the Sixty-fifth Montreal regiment of volunteers, now at Colegarry, refuses to proceed against Riel, making the excuse that they need equipments. Colonel Quimet, of the regiment, has returned to Winnipeg. This is the only French Canadian regiment of Montreal, and its refusal to proceed is generally supposed to be due to unwillingness to be led against the French half-breeds under Riel.

Lowell Smoothing the Road for Phelps.

LONDON, April 15.—United States Minister Lowell will formally introduce his successor, Mr. Edward J. Phelps, to the Court of St. James, the Cabinet, and the Foreign Office early in May. The retiring Minister is also arranging a series of dinners and other entertainments, so as to give Mr. Phelps as pleasant an introduction to London political and social life as possible. As soon as the new Minister is fairly installed Mr. Lowell will return to the United States. His health is improved.

Much Suffering to Come.

ST. PAUL, April 17.—Specials from Chamberlain, Canniry, Mitchell, Huron, Pierre and other points interested in the Winnebago reservation, indicate much feeling and great hardships to ensue from the proclamation of President Cleveland vacating ex-President Arthur's order of opening the reservation to settlement.

Miscellaneous.

Swept into the Stream.

One Thousand Acres of Land and "Right Smart of Bears."

On the deck of a big Mississippi steamboat stood an aged Southern planter. Indicating by a sweep of his arm the waters the boat was passing over, he said to a passenger from the North: "When I was twelve years old I killed my first bear on a plantation my father was then cutting out of a forest that grew directly over the waters of this bend. That was a mighty good plantation, and there was right smart of bears there, too. But that one thousand acres of land went into the Mississippi years ago."

It is putting no strain upon the figure to say that great forests of youthful hope, womanly beauty and manly strength are swept in the same way every year into the great, turbid torrent of disease and death. Yet it should not be so. That it is so is a disgrace as well as a loss. People are largely too careless or too stupid to defend their own interests—the most precious of which is health. That gone, all is gone. Disease is simple, but to recklessness or ignorance the simplest things might as well be complex as a proposition in Conic Sections. As the huge western rivers, which so often flood the cities along their shores, arise in a few mountain springs, so all our ailments can be traced to impure blood and a small group of disordered organs.

The most effective and inclusive remedy for disease is **PARKER'S TONIC.** It goes to the source of pain and weakness. In response to its action the liver, kidneys, stomach and heart begin their work afresh, and disease is driven out. The Tonic is not, however, an intoxicant, but cures a desire for strong drink. Have you dyspepsia, rheumatism or troubles which have refused to yield to other agents? Here is your help. 17 18 4t

This Remedy Contains no Injurious Drugs

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Cleanses the Head. Allays Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste, Smell, Hearing. A quick Relief. A positive Cure.

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Miscellaneous.

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Miscellaneous.

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are unsurpassed by any other Wine. Being produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child may partake of it and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

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It is the juice of the Oporto Grapes, preserved in its natural, fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fumigation, thereby destroying the exciter of fermentation. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

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Is a dark rich medium Dry Wine, used by the wealthy classes as a Table or Dinner Wine, and by physicians in cases where a dry wine instead of a sweet port is desired.

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Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, especially suited for dinner use.

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Is a Wine of superior character, and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

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IS A PURE distillation from the grape, and stands unrivaled in this country for medicinal purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled.

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SCRANTON, Pa. During the past two years I have used bottles of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for sprains, bruises, &c., burns and Rheumatism. It always gives me ease. H. Blair, Ald. Fifth Ward, Nov. 6, 1883.

GRAYVILLE, ILLS. In cases of Croup, Thomas' Eclectric Oil never fails to cure. It cured me of a very bad Ulcerated Sore Throat.—C. R. Hall, Grayville, Ill.

LOWELL, Mass. I was badly afflicted with Bronchitis and an affection of the throat. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me.—Oliver J. Bolie Jr., 23 East Merrimack Street.

DAVENPORT, Iowa. As a remedy for Catarrh Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil stands at the top. It cured me, and I believe will cure any case. Edw. S. Rowley, 320 West 14th Street.

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LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

What Russia will Do.

LONDON, April 20.—Varna advices to-day say: Notwithstanding the peaceful tendencies reported from St. Petersburg and London, the aspect of the situation, viewed from Constantinople, still points to war. Russia assuredly means to touch the utmost limit of British forbearance before she would consent to conclude any arrangement for avoiding war. A very shrewd Russian merchant, who has extensive dealings in Southern Russia remarked this morning: "Do you think we have moved 150,000 men to the shores of the Caspian to obtain merely a strip of desert? Don't put faith in newspaper reports. We mean war unless England timidly grants all we have wanted. As for Komaroff, the government will never recall him." He further asserts that the authorities at Odessa had received instructions to stop the exportation of cattle that were intended to proceed beyond Constantinople. Shipmasters arriving from Russian ports all speak of the immensity of military preparations, and of the ill-feeling against England. The porte still hesitates to show its hand as to neutrality. The official press, evidently under instructions, speaks guardedly. Nevertheless, the notes of certain European powers respecting the passage of the Dardanelles, remain unanswered.

War Preparations.

LONDON, April 21.—The cabinet session has just adjourned, and it is rumored that it has decided to renew its protests against the action of General Komaroff in the Penjdeh affair, which was allowed to lapse until the receipt of Sir Peter Lumsden's account of Komaroff's statements.

In the house of lords, Earl Granville this afternoon said that the government had come to the conclusion that the position of the affairs justified putting the army and navy and the whole of the auxiliary forces of the nation in immediate readiness for service if required.

The government has asked for a credit of $55,000,000 for the army and navy account. Of the $55,000,000 war credit asked, the sum of $22,500,000 is for war purposes in the Soudan and $32,500,000 for other navy and military preparations.

LONDON, April 21.—Lobby was excited over Gladstone's statement in the house of commons to-day. His repeated reference to the necessity of holding troops in the Soudan in readiness for service whenever wanted, indicate that England is on the verge of war.

A Lively Runaway.

CINCINNATI, April 20.—A lively runaway occurred in Covington at 8 o'clock Saturday night, in which a number of persons were injured, some of them seriously. A horse attached to a laundry wagon became frightened and started up Madison street at a fearful rate, sweeping everything before him. When the horse reached Pike street he dashed through the market, which was crowded with people. How a number of them escaped being instantly killed is a miracle. The animal was finally halted at Seventh street. Among the injured are the following: Mrs. Rouf, of Riddle street, was knocked down and received a bad cut on the head, and it is feared she received internal injuries which may prove fatal; Miss Tillie Weber was cut on the head and shoulders, and her clothing torn from her body; Lizzie Scharfatoll was badly cut on the head and shoulders; her injuries are very painful, as she received several bad cuts; Nettie King, of Tenth street, had her shoulder hurt, and was cut in several places in the face. Mrs. Shay received several bad cuts and bruises, and was injured internally. Mrs. Freelove was knocked down and cut in two or three places.

It takes Effect at Once.

HARRISBURG, April 21.—Deputy Superintendent Stewart addressed a letter recently to the deputy attorney general asking whether the act requiring physiology and hygiene to be taught in the public schools goes in effect at once or not until June, 1886.

Deputy Attorney General Snodgrass (on behalf of the attorney general) replied as follows:

"It is a well-established principle of statutory construction in Pennsylvania that unless otherwise declared, an act of assembly takes effect from the date of its passage, which includes all the forms required by the constitution to give it the force and effect of a law. Under this rule the act in question will take effect from its approval, unless another date has been specifically fixed or is necessarily implied. An examination of the act, however, does not disclose any intention of the legislature to postpone its operation to a date subsequent to its passage."

The Bartholdi Pedestal Fund.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Hon. Joseph Pulitzer, editor of the *World*, has transmitted to Hon. Wm. M. Evarts, Chairman of the Bartholdi Statue Pedestal Committee, $25,000, received by the *World* from 25,575 people for that fund within the past month.

Marvelous Faith Cure.

PITESBURG, April 20.—Miss Mary Moorehead, daughter of the late J. K. Moorehead, of this city, who was one of our most prominent and wealthy citizens, claims to have been cured by faith of a painful disease of thirty years' standing. Miss Moorehead says her ailment was pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in the country. Last summer while at a mountain resort for her health she met a lady who advised her to try the faith cure. Being a Christian, she became strongly imbued with the idea and, refusing all stimulants prescribed by her doctors, prayed almost incessantly. In a few days she was entirely free from pain and her health is better to-day than ever before in her life, and in order that others may benefit by her wonderful cure she will hold receptions every Monday afternoon, when all who desire to see her will be welcome.

At Midway, near this city, there are nine persons who have been cured of serious illness through faith, under the instrumentality of Rev. J. S. Willets, pastor of the Methodist Church at that place. Among the number is the pastor, who has published an account of his own case; William Hamilton, aged seventy-two years; Mrs. Faust, who had been ill for fourteen years; Mrs. Easthon, cured of spinal trouble; John Palge, sixty-nine years, cured of rheumatism, and others. The parties all claim to have had previous medical attention and attribute their present healthful condition to faith and prayer. These cases have attracted a great deal of attention and the subject of cure by faith is being widely discussed in all circles.

Mr. Evarts Speaks.

BOSTON, April 10.—The Middlesex club gave a banquet at Young's hotel last night in honor of Hon. William M. Evarts and in celebration of the anniversary of the battle of Lexington. In response to an address of greeting by Governor Robinson, the senator told of his experiences as a Boston schoolboy; drew a number of lessons from the battle anniversary, and then turned his attention to politics. He spoke facetiously of the willingness of some republicans to express their confidence in the stability of our government by voting the opposition party into power, and advanced the opinion that the experiment would not be repeated. Never had the republicans been more united and determined than at present, and their struggle in 1888 would be made with perfect faith that victory was ahead.

The new cabinet was hardly calculated to inspire confidence, especially as it contained three members from that element which has convulsed the nation in civil strife, and but one loyal northern soldier to face them. It seemed as if there were a growing feeling of dissatisfaction with the distribution of power under the new administration. Such ill-judged action as that of a large body of republicans last fall was likely to bring on disorder and disaster. Still, the common sense of the people would resist and correct this offense. In 1888 there would be no talk about repugnance to any candidate, and comparatively few people would be shouting for the prohibition nominee, but the votes would be cast simply for one or the other of the two great parties.

Patti will not Sing.

CHICAGO, April 17.—Madame Adelina Patti has written Colonel Mapleson, announcing that she will be unable to fulfill her New York and Boston engagements, owing to ill-health and the imperative orders of her physicians to leave work for several weeks.

This morning she said in an interview that the necessity of retiring for some time had been forcibly impressed upon her by reason of her heavy work in this city. She would therefore obey her physician and would sail at once for England from New York. Incidentally she remarked that her divorce from De Caux was absolute, and she could now sing in France without having her salary attached under her nuptial contract. She expects to remain in her castle in Wales for several months and then expects to sing in London, Paris and possibly St. Petersburg. The divorce proceedings have been dragging for years and Madame Patti stated that they had involved a direct outlay on her part of full half a million francs. To-night's performance, therefore, concludes her American engagement. She has sung forty-two times, receiving $168,000.

Thirteen Hours' Work per Day.

READING, April 18.—At the close of work at the Philadelphia and Reading railroad car shops in this city to-day the men were told that they would be required to work thirteen hours each day, commencing on Monday. The company have nearly 1,000 coal and freight cars to be repaired and it will take several months to do the work. During the past year the men have been working only eight hours. Quite a number of hands suspended a year ago have been re-employed.

Not for Sale.

NEW YORK, April 17.—A report widely circulated that the owners of the New York *Times* have been trying to sell the property for $750,000 was to-day pronounced absolutely false by George Jones, who owns a controlling interest in the stock of the company. Mr. Jones says he has been offered three times as much as the sum mentioned, but that the paper is not for sale at any price.

Creamery Burned.

WEST CHESTER, April 17.—Early this morning the Charlestown township creamery, in this county, was discovered to be on fire and was soon reduced to ashes. It had been idle for some time and for some cause was never a successful institution. An insurance of $4,000 in a home company rested upon the building and contents.

Appointments made Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The President made the following appointments to-day:

Christ M. Siebert, of New York, Secretary of the Legation at Chili, and the following postmasters:

Henry S. Kenyon, Northfield, Vt.
John L. Lindley, Ansonia, Conn.
Wm. B. Hall, Wallingford, Conn.
Jacob K. Coffroth, Somerset, Pa.
Delos L. Bridge, Cooperstown, N. Y.
Francis M. Householder, Noblesville, Ind.
Nelson Bruett, Jefferson, Wis.
Jas. S. Catherwood, Hoopestown, Ill.
George M. Houston, Harrisonville, Mo.

To be Collectors of Internal Revenue:

Edmund W. Booker, district of Alabama.
Eben F. Pillsbury, Third district of Massachusetts.
Alexander Troup, district of Connecticut.
Charles H. Chase, district of Maine.

Also that of Orlando W. Powers, to be Associate Justice of Supreme Court, Territory of Utah.

No Surrender for Afghanistan.

JAMBOOD, April 18.—The Ameer before departing yesterday said that he had ordered the tribes to prepare the road from Cabul to Herat, and that reinforcements had left Candahar for Herat. He believed that Russia might yield to remonstrances, being unable to give a good excuse for her aggression. Only when all arguments have failed, he said, must war be considered, and then the Afghans will rise as one man to repel the invasion. His policy was determined upon and would not be changed. It was founded on common sense, not on oaths. His people must accept it as he had, and must trust him as he had been trusted by England. The Afghans would never surrender an inch of territory nor allow their country to be a highway for the Russian army, which would mean occupation and protection of a long line of Russian communication and result in loss and ruin of independence. The Afghans would see this and would find that England is helping them to maintain their freedom.

Honoring Beaconsfield's Memory.

LONDON, April 19.—The celebration in honor of Lord Beaconsfield was continued to-day, which is really the correct date of the anniversary, as the great Premier died on April 19, 1881. The preliminary celebration yesterday, extensive and enthusiastic as it was, was confined to those whose engagements or religion restrained them from celebrating on Sunday. To-day the streets were full of "primrose pilgrims" from the suburbs, and the statue of Lord Beaconsfield was again covered with wreaths, pillows, broken columns, &c., all composed of his favorite flower. The number of people carrying primroses either in their hands or buttonholes has never been equalled at any former anniversary of either Lord Beaconsfield's birth or death.

Queen Victoria sent a wreath of primroses to be placed upon the grave of Lord Beaconsfield to-day.

The Battle of Chalchuapa.

LA LIBERTAD, April 18.—Published reports of the battle of Chalchuapa on March 31, says that the Guatemalans left 1,600 on the total loss of 1,800. Salvador had 50 killed and 150 wounded, including many officers. The Salvaderian fire was directed by a French officer named Tourlet, who was killed in the action. Guatemalans say that to obtain the body of General Barrios cost upward of twenty lives. The body was conveyed to Guatemala City and interred there with military honors. Since peace was signed by Salvador and Guatemala general confidence in commercial circles is returning.

Dr. Stern Dead.

WILKESBARRE, April 19.—Dr. Stern, the Jewish rabbi, who was found unconscious in his room at the Wyoming Valley Hotel yesterday, suffering from an overdose of laudanum, died at 9 15 this morning. The dose he took was enough to kill two persons. In a letter directed to Abram Weil, a well-known Jewish merchant here, Dr. Stern directs that his valuable library go to Rabbi Felsenthal, of Chicago, who, the dead man says, befriended him in time of need.

The Great Seal not Right.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The government of the United States is about to have a new great seal. Strange as it may seem, it has been discovered that the seal in use since the foundation of the government is not designed in accordance with the law which directed its construction. It is faulty in several respects, notably in the number of arrows in the claw of the eagle, also in the shield and in other respects. The new seal is to correspond in every particular with the statute.

A Great Tin Mine.

GLENWOOD, W. Va., April 19.—The object of the mysterious conduct of several strangers who have haunted this vicinity for some time became known yesterday, when a company with a capital of a quarter of a million dollars filed leases with the County Clerk on 20,000 acres of land in this vicinity. They have a tin mine of vast extent, the assay showing 37 per cent. of tin, which is nearly a dozen times higher than the highest per cent. in any tin ore in England.

Excessive Pension Fees.

CINCINNATI, O., April 17.—In the United States Court here to-day Hon. John F. McKinney, of Piqua, O., was convicted of having received excessive fees for collecting pensions. It was proven that he received $130 for obtaining a pension of $1,700. He was a member of the Forty-second Congress, and for many years was Chairman of the Ohio State Democratic Central Committee. Sentence was deferred until to-morrow.

Grant.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Colonel Fred Grant says his father's condition for the last few days could not be more satisfactory. A cancer cure was sent from Brazil to the State department at Washington and forwarded to the general, but has not been used, as he is perfectly satisfied with the treatment of the physicians so far. He has no doubt of their diagnosis being correct, but has great hopes of a perfect cure being effected. It is not definitely settled whether Dr. Douglass will stay all night or not, as it is at present thought unnecessary.

10.30 p. m.—Dr. Douglass has just said: "Although the general feels no worse after his ride and walk, there is slight return of neuralgic pain and of the pain at the base of the tongue, therefore I shall stay all night."

A Centenarian Dead.

AUBURN, N. Y., April 20.—Rev. Dr. Taylor, whose centennial was celebrated on December 17 last, died here yesterday. He was born in Ipswich, N. H., and was the oldest graduate of Dartmouth College of the class of 1809.

Mr. Taylor become a physician in 1813 and was present at the birth of Hon. William M. Evarts. He was 63 years old when he was ordained as an evangelist, and was accustomed to daily walks after he had passed his 100th year. His hearing failed him recently, but all his other senses were acute, and he remained a well informed conversationalist on all subjects.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Make it Lively.

Our business men complain that times are dull; why not make them lively?

We have in our mind a man who has been connected with a large dry goods house continuously for six years or longer. In the other stores all around him business has been gradually decreasing, but this gentleman, by indefatigable enterprise, has made each year's trade better than the preceding one. In fact, the closer the times the larger this merchant's trade becomes.

How did he do it? First, he procured a stock of goods of which he could brag loudly and truthfully. Then he advertised. Not a merchant in Bellefonte can appreciate this man's method or extent of advertising. In his own language: Regularly once a month he renewed his advertisements in the papers and as often he "billed" the town and all the country around with advertisements of his goods.

Consequently, he is astonished at the extent of his trade and is satisfied. He does it all by advertising.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The Library Committee have added this week by purchase the following books:

16 vols. Appleton's Cyclopædia.
1 " Muler's Life of Trust.
1 " Youngs' Bible Concordance.
1 " Mosaics of Grecian History.
3 " Robertson's Charles Vth.
1 " Bedouins of the Euphrates.
1 " Remains of Lost Empires.
2 " Van Lauer's French Revolution.

In all 26 volumes. They have also added "Harpers Weekly," "Frank Leslie's Weekly," and "Puck"—with the daily, weekly and illustrated papers, over 1100 volumes of books and a beautiful reading room. We think the Y. M. C. A. rooms the pleasantest place a young man could spend his evenings—and all these benefits for 50 cents a year. Call at the rooms and you will be made welcome.

—Mr. George W. Bible, late editor of the *U. S. Economist*, a journal of importance published in New York City, has severed his connection with that paper and become associated with the editorial staff of the *Journal of Fabrics and Dry Goods Bulletin*, of the same city. We believe Mr. Bible is an uncle of Messrs. Frank and George Bible of this place and is favorably known to many of our readers. He is a trained and able writer and will materially assist the journal which now claims his services. All his friends here will wish him success.

—The approach in the journey of life almost to death's door has made a very deep religious impression on the mind of General Grant. On Sunday afternoon he refused to ride out even with the inducement held out to him that the ride would be beneficial. Prayers in his behalf were ascending that day from thousands of Christians and he would not shock their sensibilities by any thing that would interfere with the religious observance of the day. That was true heroism.

—The barber who occupied the room under D. S. Keller's former law office in Lyon & Co's building has moved into the basement room at the north end of the building, and the room thus vacated and also the room above are being changed to a pleasant store room for Harper & Magee. A handsome glass front to correspond with that of Lyon's store will be put in. It will make one of the most desirable buildings in town for business purposes.

Death of Emma E. Kohler.

For more than a year Miss Emma E. Kohler, a young lady aged about 16 years, has been living in the family of Mr. Frank X. Lehman at the Butts House in the capacity of nurse. During most of that period she has been ill with consumption. She died Wednesday morning at 10:45 o'clock.

She came to this place from Spring Creek. She was a most excellent young lady and Mr. Lehman and family greatly regret her death. The funeral services over her remains will be held on Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

—The excellent little paper, the Bellefonte NEWS, began its sixth volume yesterday. With the new volume Miss Fannie E. Gray becomes managing editor, and in a modest little introductory announces her purpose to make the NEWS as good a paper as possible. We welcome Miss Gray to the ranks and wish her much success.—*Morning Tribune, Altoona*

After reading the above, Miss Gray added another curl to her bangs.

The General's Narrow Escape.

San Francisco Chronicle.

"I do so like the General," said a sweet voice behind me at the opera.

"He's a dear man, isn't he?"

"Yes; you know I am sort of related to him."

"Indeed! I never knew that. How?"

"He came very near being my father. He was the first man my mother was engaged to."

—The streams in this vicinity have been visited during the past two days by scores of anglers. We do not suppose that many of them, however, are as successful as Mr. M. Cooney, who one day this season caught 56 trout and has caught in all more than 150 without trying very much either.

—We notice by the seventeenth annual report of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals that the representatives of the organization in this section are J. P. Coburn, of Aaronsburg; Judge A. O. Furst, of this borough, and William Allison, Jr., of Howard.

—Goldsmith Brothers will open their Bee Hive stores next Saturday and tell all about it in an "ad" elsewhere.

SPECIAL MENTION.

—President Cleveland will visit Gettysburg on May 4 and 5, on the occasion of the veterans' reunion there.

—One 2-horse Wagon, two Dexter Queen Top Buggies, one Eliptic Spring Top Buggy, two Platform Spring Wagons for sale at low prices and reasonable terms by Jas. Harris & Co. 13 4t

—A new boat has been invented which will be operated on the style of a bicycle. A man sits in the stern working the bicycle arrangement which turns a water wheel and causes the boat to shoot ferward rapidly and gracefully.

Our Spring Stock of WOOLENS now complete. Bottom prices. Leave your order to-day.
16 36 MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

No, that is not the plan of the Soudan campaign you see chalked on the sidewalk. It is merely "Hop Scotch," a game for the benefit of the shoemaker.

—See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged. Sold by druggists. 16 30 1y

Jonah was the first Secretary of the Interior, and Lamar is the last one.

—One 2-horse Wagon, two Dexter Queen Top Buggies, one Eliptic Spring Top Buggy, two Platform Spring Wagons for sale at low prices and reasonable terms by Jas. Harris & Co. 13 4t

New Jersey has a woman in the person of Mrs. Mary Cook, who eats only once every two weeks, and yet continues in good health.

Miss Emma S. Snyder has returned from Philadelphia with a large line of millinery goods. She will have her grand opening on the 22d of April. She invites the citizens of Bellefonte and Centre county to call and examine the display. ap16 4tw 6td

—The number of corporations in the state has largely increased in the past two years, and about $203,000,000 have been added to the capital stock of companies incorporated by the state. In Pennsylvania there are about 5,700 corporations, over 600 of which have been chartered within the past two years. Railroad companies in that time have been incorporated with a capital stock of $41,000,000.

SICK HEADACHE.—Thousands who have suffered intensely with sick headache say that Hood's Sarsaparilla has completely cured them. One gentleman who was thus relieved, writes: "Hood's Sarsaparilla is worth its weight in gold." Reader, if you are a sufferer with sick headache, give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial. It will do you positive good. Made by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists. 100 Doses One Dollar.

Never call a man a liar. Tell him that he is fully capable of holding a position in the weather bureau.

Students' Songs.

There is no more pleasing music than these jolly songs as sung by students; and any one who has ever had the opportunity of hearing these songs by college societies, glee clubs, or by groups of students will not be surprised to learn that a new edition of Moses King's collection has just been issued. Over 30,000 copies have already been sold. This remarkable sale is probably owing to the fact that nearly all these songs are to be found in no other collection. They are all fresh and copyrighted, and are the songs actually sung at all the colleges at the present time. There are sixty songs, with full music. The book is handsomely printed, sheet-music size, and is sold for fifty cents. The editor is Wm. H. Hills, a recent graduate of Harvard: and the publisher is Moses King, of Cambridge, Mass., widely known as editor of "King's Handbook of Boston," "Harvard and its surroundings," etc.

EDITOR'S BOOK REVIEW.

HYGIENE FOR YOUNG PEOPLE, compiled under the superintendency of MARY H. HUNT. The above work, gotten up designedly for the young people and for their instruction in common schools, is a work embracing a simple yet full and complete description of the anatomy of the human body, together with the most important instructions in Hygiene to be found in any work by eminent authors. Its description of alcohol and the many evils disseminated through the human body by its use is concise, intelligent and worthy of much consideration. To read, study and profit thereby, which would be the ultimate result of a careful study of the work, makes its mission to the public one of infinite greatness. It also describes the many evils derived from the constant use of tobacco, giving a thorough description of its action on the different organs and functions of the human construction. Its instruction in hygiene is not confined to a description of alcohol and tobacco, but gives a general and full treatise on the preservation of health, its uses and abuses. It contains diagraphical and philosophical descriptions of the structure of humanity, the proper care to be taken to insure good health, and an abundant amount of knowledge of recognized benefit to all. Though designed for the young, yet the vast amount of information it contains relative to that all-important subject, hygiene, recommends it for perusal and careful study by all, even by those advanced in the study of physiology and hygiene. We take much pleasure in recommending it to the public as a work worthy of a great deal of consideration and would like to see it introduced into our common schools. Published by A. S. Barnes & Co., New York.

We have been sent a copy of the *Report of the Commissioner of Agriculture* for the year 1884, issued by the Government Printing Office at Washington, D. C. It is a very thorough work and report in full of all agricultural tendencies on anything in any way pertaining to agriculture. It contains a very accurate description of all plants, shrubs, flowers, grasses, trees, etc. It also describes many of the diseases prevalent among cattle, hogs, sheep, horses and poultry, also giving for each disease described its cause and a cure for it, thus rendering the work one of inestimable value to the farmer. It describes the many insects that infest the different grains and cause so much damage and suggests a prevention which may prove valuable if experimented on by some agriculturist. We think it would be a good investment to any one to procure a copy of this work, as it will not only prove a source of valuable information to them, but it will be a valuable addition to a library. Published at Washington, D. C.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Babyhood is increasing in popularity and circulation because each succeeding issue comes out so much better than the preceding one. The April number is chuck full of the very best instruction for the care of infants that the most learned can advise. It is a complete medical instructor for the mother to have as her guide to the health of the children.

The *Ladies' Floral Cabinet* for April comes to us blooming with the latest floral designs and literature of the most enchanting and interesting kind. It is instructive, thorough and complete in every particular and will be a treasure in every house. Ladies admire its contents and long for the mail that brings to them the *Ladies' Floral Cabinet*. Published at 32 Vesey street, New York.

In the exposure of frauds, the righting of the unsuspecting press, and the untiring zeal shown in its devotion to the public, the *Public Herald* has no precedent. It labors willingly and energetically for the exposure of frauds and unlawful advertisers which constantly contaminate the pages of the press. Seeking by their keen perceptiveness to ferret out all the mean devices of human ingenuity to defraud and rob an unsuspecting people, and by exposing and having them brought to justice render pure the pages of journals that are fast becoming immoral by their constant endorsement of these fraudulent "money bibbers" by ever publishing their advertisements. In his exposure of D. W. H. Hale, of *Health and Home*, the editor of the *Herald* has rendered a favor to, the public that will be by them greatly appreciated and sooner or later see that villianous character brought to justice. We heartily endorse and abet the *Herald* in its noble work and wish for it great success. It is a publication that should be in every house as a reference against fraudulent advertisers, and at the very small price asked (that of 50 cents a year) it should be taken by every home in the land. Published by L. Lum Smith, 706 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Royal Baking Powder.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 17 17 1y

Gardner Found Guilty of Murder in the Second Degree.

On Saturday the closing scenes took place at Huntingdon in the trial of John Gardner for the murder of his father-in-law, George Warfel. The Altoona *Tribune*, in alluding to Judge Furst's charge to the jury, says:

Judge Furst delivered a most able, forcible and impressive charge to the jury. He spoke of the jury's responsibility and enjoined them to weigh all the evidence cautiously and deliberately, and in order to ascertain the truth to banish all prejudice and sympathy, fear and favor from their minds. The court instructed the jury at length on the principles of law which applied to the case. The weighty charge, which lasted two hours and a half, closed at 1 o'clock and the jury immediately retired.

At 2 o'clock, after deliberating on the evidence one hour, the jury took their first ballot, which resulted as follows: Three for conviction of the prisoner of murder in the first degree; five favoring second degree and four manslaughter. Three others were taken before the verdict was reached, which is as follows: "We find the defendant, John Gardner, guilty of murder in the second degree." The three jurors who voted for conviction of the prisoner of murder in the first degree were John Goodman, Van Buren Hirst and John T. Anspach.

The jury at a quarter past 5 o'clock solemnly filed into the court room and resumed their seats. There were but few spectators present, as it was generally believed the jury would not agree upon a verdict until this morning. After their verdict had been received by the court the jury was discharged. Upon the announcement of the verdict the prisoner indulged in an approving smile, which contrasted strangely with the frowns of disappointment pictured on the countenances of the spectators. The result of the trial is a great surprise to nearly every one who is acquainted with the proceedings, as it was generally thought the prisoner would be found guilty of deliberate murder.

Schools and Vacations.

To the Editor:

The schools of this borough will close in about one month and a vacation lasting three months or longer will begin. This vacation and the Christmas vacation, combined, make about four months, leaving only eight months of school during the year.

This is too brief.

Instead of the complaint that the children have too many studies being of any tangible value, the real complaint which should be made is that the school terms are not long enough, and the studies are hardly begun in real earnest before the time comes to stop them for a period so extended that the pupil is quite apt to forget what he has learned and be compelled to begin where he was a year before.

Nine weeks vacation during the year is quite sufficient. This will of course be divided into two months occurring during the warmest weather of the summer and the week of the Christmas holidays. The writer of this had experience in the public schools at a time when this was the limit of the vacation, and he knows that the pupils were not burdened with studies and their health was not injured by the prolonged terms. The idea that the health of a child demands one-third of the year spent in complete mental inactivity is ridiculous. To become equipped with the necessary knowledge to make good citizens during the few years an ordinary child can spend at school necessitates longer terms.

Then why, Mr. Editor, should we not have compulsory education? That any child should be permitted to grow up in ignorance is a disgrace to the State. Compulsory education will do more than anything else to bring about continual prosperity and happiness. EDUCATION.

—Hicks & Buck, of the Novelty Machine Works, are erecting another building to provide space for their increasing business. They have recently put quite a large quantity of fine machinery in their establishment and keep the force of men in their employ constantly at work on large orders. That they do so well after beginning this business, as they did, at such an unfavorable time is quite remarkable, and there seems to be no limit to the extent of their business under more favorable circumstances in the future

—The Lutherans of this place held a congregational meeting on Sunday to consider the advisability of extending to Rev. Chas. Steck a call to became pastor of the church. It was decided to do so. As we are inclined to believe that Rev. Steck will accept such a call, it is quite probable that he will soon be installed as pastor of the St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church of Bellefonte.

Budget from Pine Grove.

PINE GROVE MILLS, April 17.

Mr. J. W. Sundy and 'Squire Ewing, two of Baileyville's prominent citizens, visited our town several days ago.

There is a great deal of sickness in this neigborhood at present. Mrs. Julia Musser has been suffering with pneumonia for several weeks; she is slowly recovering. Mr. Pearsol Lytle, one of our oldest citizens, is also quite ill from the effects of a very severe cold.

Andrew Tate, son of A. J. Tate, is just recovering from an attack of pneumonia.

The many friends of Rev. W. C. Kuhn and family will no doubt be very sorry to learn that he has handed in his resignation as pastor of this charge. We do not know where Mr. Kuhn intends to go, but understand that his resignation is to take effect at once.

The work of putting in new water pipes has not been carried forward very rapidly, as there appears to be some difficulty in the arrangement of the affairs of the company. We hope, however, that everything may be arranged so as to be satisfactory to all parties concerned, and that our town may have an abundant supply of good water.

Our friend, Chas. Smith, of this place, visited Altoona a few days ago, but thinks it not nearly so nice a town as Pine Grove.

For particulars as to the probable appearance of fine weather call on our prophets. **

—The store owned by Dan Miller at Jacksonville, in which was also located the post office, was entered by burglars a few nights ago and $20 worth of stamps taken. The burglars also entered some of the cellars in that neighborhood the same night but secured nothing of value. In view of the proximity of genuine burglars, all persons should be unusually careful of articles of value they may have.

—We are informed that the cost of keeping the poor people of Bellefonte will probably be less this year than it was last. This is partly due to the fact that death has removed six or seven of the regular poor pensioners during the year while there have been only two or three accessions. Arrangements have been made to provide for some of the children who have heretofore been dependent on this charity.

—The polo game Tuesday evening between the Keystone and Active clubs resulted in favor of the latter. The Actives won the first and second goals—the first in 30 minutes and the second in 10—shutting the Keystones out entirely. This rendered it unnecessary to play for the third goal.

—It is apparent to every observer that a taste for the cultivation of flowers has developed in Bellefonte in recent years. At present almost every front window exhibits a fine collection of potted plants with many a beautiful blossom thereon.

—We are very sorry to learn of the serious illness with rheumatism of Herby Graham the bright young son of Mr. M. Graham, the well known barber. Hope the advent of pleasant weather will lead to his recovery.

Miscellaneous.

PURE IS THE ABSOLUTE NECESSITY OF HEALTH. **BLOOD**

THE marvellous results of HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA upon all humors and low conditions of the blood (as proven by the cures effected) prove it the best BLOOD MEDICINE. Such has been the success of this article at home that nearly every family in whole neighborhoods have been taking it at the same time. It eradicates scrofula, vitalizes and enriches the blood, thereby restoring and renovating the whole system. Hood's SARSAPARILLA purifies the blood. Hood's SARSAPARILLA cures dyspepsia. Hood's SARSAPARILLA cures biliousness. A peculiar point in Hood's SARSAPARILLA is that it builds up and strengthens the system, while it eradicates disease, and as nature's great assistant proves itself invaluable as a protection from diseases that originate in changes of the seasons, of climate and of life.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

SCROFULA.

135 HOWARD STREET, LOWELL, MASS., Jan. 17.

MESSRS. C. I. HOOD & CO.: Gentlemen—I have used HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA in my family for scrofulous humor with wonderful success, and am happy to tell you that it is the best medicine we ever used. I do sincerely advise any one who is troubled with scrofula to give this valuable remedy a trial, and assure them they will not be disappointed. Very truly yours, (Coburn Shuttle Co.) C. C. PICKERING.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA is sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

16 14 1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Joseph G. Carson, deceased, late of Potter township, having been granted the undersigned, she requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

KATE M. CARSON, *Executrix.*
Potters Mills, Pa., March 24, 1885. 17 13 6

Marble Works.

S. A. STOVER,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Marble and Granite **Monuments, Tombstones,** BURIAL VAULTS, Etc. Hundreds of Designs to select from.

Tubular Galvanized & Wrought Iron **FENCING** for Cemetery Lots. Agent for Enameled and Marbelized **SLATE MANTELS,** FINE GRATES, FURNITURE TOPS, Etc.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR THE YEAR 1885.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
16-28tf PRICES LOWER THAN IN LARGE CITIES.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, April 22, 1885.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 85
Mixed Wheat	80
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	45
Oats	35
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 25
do prime to extra prime	4 75
do choice	5 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	4 80
Flour, wholesale	4 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	8
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	12
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	14 to 18
Country hams per pound	14
Hams, sugar cured	14
Country Bacon	11
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	15
Potatoes (new), per bushel	40
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½—40
Lemons per doz	20
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

Miscellaneous.

Phœnix-like, We Rise Again from the Smoulder-ing Ruins,

And will reopen with a new and elegant stock of goods in

Harris' Building,

—ON—

Saturday April 25.

THE FOLLOWING

SLEDGE HAMMERS

WILL BE OFFERED DURING THE FIRST WEEK:

One lot Ladies' Jerseys, tailor cut, of different kinds, Slightly imperfect, 85c, worth $1.50.
One lot Ladies' Cashmere Jerseys, very fine, $1 25, worth from $2.50 to $3.50.
One lot Ladies' Full Regular Made Hose, 20c., worth 40c.
One lot Ladies' Full Regular Made Hose, best quality, 25c., worth 50c.
One lot Ladies' Summer Skirts, 75c., worth $1.50.
One lot Silk Umbrellas, Ivory handles, Paragon frames, 26 inch, $2.50; 28 inch, $2.75.
One lot Unlaundried Shirts, Hill's muslin, linen fronts, cuffs and neck-bands, 35c., cheap at 75c.
One lot Cheviot Shirts, with two collars, 35c., cheap at 75c.
One lot best quality all Silk Satin Gros Grain Ribbon, No. 5 7 9 12
10c. 12c. 15c. 18c.
One lot Block Satin Sash Ribbons, all shades, 49c., cheap at 75c.
One lot 4-button Kids, spring shades, 49c., worth $1.00
One lot 4-button Kids, undressed, 99c., worth $1.50.
One lot fancy bordered Handkerchiefs, 2 for 5c.
One lot indigo blue Prints, warranted fast, 6½c.
One lot best Shirting Prints, warranted fast, 5c.
One lot Standard Prints, dress styles, - 5c.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Embroideries, White Goods and Laces

WILL BE FOUND

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER

THAN ELSEWHERE.

All sales will be strictly for cash, and none of these bargains can ever be duplicated.
First come, first served.

GOLDSMITH BROTHERS,

Bee Hive

ONE PRICE STORES.

ap21tf

STOLESBURY & ASHBROOK,

JOBBERS OF

Modern Art Paper Hangings

—AND—

BOSTON FELT PAPER,

No. 521 Commerce St.,

PHILADELPHIA

NO GOODS AT RETAIL.

17 15 2m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned upon the estate of Benjamin Brower, late of Boggs township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

17 12 6t J. M. LUCAS, *Administrator.*

Miscellaneous.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Samuel Wasson, deceased.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Samuel Wasson, late of College township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate will present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement to

MAGDALEN WASSON, *Administratrix.*
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys.
17 13 6t
College township, Pa., March 30, 1885.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Estate of Joseph F. Williams, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Joseph F. Williams late of Huston township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Josephine Williams and Newton Williams, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JOSEPHINE WILLIAMS,
NEWTON WILLIAMS,
April 9th, 1885. Administrators.
17 15 6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned upon the estate of Absalom S. Tipton, late of Howard township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. REBECCA J. TIPTON, *Administratrix.*
P. O. address, Howard, Centre Co., Pa. 13 6t

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. A. O. Furst, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre and Huntingdon and the Hon. Chester Munson and the Hon. J. R. Smith, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 21st day of February, A. D. 1885, to me directed, for holding a court of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of April, being the 27th day of April, 1885, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 21st day of Feb., in the year of our Lord, 1885, and in the one hundred and eighth year of the independence of the United States.

W. MILES WALKER, Sheriff
17 12 tf

WALTER W. BAYARD HAS OPENED A **DRUG STORE**

In the room lately occupied by W. H. Wilkinson on Allegheny street, and will keep constantly on hand a full line of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES, &c.

I have **TUBE PAINTS** FOR KENSINGTON WORK.

ALL ODORS OF PERFUMERY and SACHET POWDERS.

Telephone in the store, and all orders shall receive my prompt attention.

WALTER W. BAYARD.
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.
ap7tfd-17 14 3mw

C. O. D.

This is generally accepted to mean "Collect on Delivery," but in this instance it means

Call On Deschner

AT THE

Great Central Gun Works,

Water St., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

If you want to find a stock of

Guns, Revolvers, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Nets and Sporting Articles Generally.

GUNS AND FIREARMS REPAIRED.
SHOOTING GALLERY OPEN DAY AND EVENING. 17 10 1y

I. C. A.

In Come All

TO BUY THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

Buggies, Carriages,

PLATFORM SPRING WAGONS,

PHAETONS, HEAVY WAGONS,

SLEIGHS, &c.

Buy direct from the manufacturer and thus secure the advantage of first prices, and of getting a superior article

All Work Guaranteed to be Done in

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

Repairing done on Short Notice and at Reasonable Rates.

L. A. POTTORF,

Successor to J. R. BARTRUFF.

Water St., Near Big Spring, Bellefonte, Pa.

17 10 1y

Medical

Health AND Vigor

—FOR THE—

BRAIN

—AND—

Nervous

System.

CROSBY'S

VITALIZED

PHOS-PHITES,

Composed of the Nerve-giving principles of the Ox-Brain and the Embryo of the Wheat and Oat.

This is a standard preparation with all physicians who treat mental or nervous disorders. The formula is on every label. Its chemical composition is superintended by a Professor of Chemistry.

As it is identical in its composition with brain-matter, it is rapidly absorbed, and quickly relieves the depression from intellectual efforts, fatigue, loss of memory, or mental irritability.

Sleeplessness, irritation, nervous exhaustion, inability to work or study, is but a brain-hunger—in urgent cases, brain starvation. This brain nutriment quickly feeds the hungry nerves and restores brain power. It is a cure for nervous disorders and debility in old or young.

Brain-Workers Need Brain-Food.

Crosby's Vitalized Phos-phites Should be Taken as a Special Brain Food.

TO BUILD UP worn-out nerves, to banish sleeplessness, neuralgia and sick headache, I have not had a severe headache since I began its use, it was my great trouble before.—*Dr. Guyun.*
To PROMOTE good digestion.—*Dr. Filmore.*
To "STAMP OUT" consumption.—*Dr. Churchill.*
To "COMPLETELY cure night sweats."—*John B. Quigly.*
To MAINTAIN the capabilities of the brain and nerves to perform all functions even at the highest tension.—*Ed. Treasure Trove.*
To RESTORE the energy lost by nervousness, debility, over-exertion or enervated vital powers.—*Dr. W. S. Wells.*
To REPAIR the nerves that have been enfeebled by worry, depression, anxiety or deep grief.—*Miss Mary Rankin.*
To STRENGTHEN the intellect so that study and deep mental application may be a pleasure and not a trial.—*F. M. Ouch.*
To DEVELOP good teeth, glossy hair, clear skin, handsome nails in the young, so that they may be an inheritance in later years.—*Editor School Journal.*
To ENLARGE the capabilities for enjoyment.—*National Journal of Education.*
To "MAKE life a pleasure," "not a daily suffering." "I really urge you to put it to the test."—*Miss Emily Faithfull.*
To AMPLIFY bodily and mental power to the present generation and "prove the survival of the fittest" to the next.—*Bismarck.*
To RESTORE lost powers and abilities.—*Dr. Bull.*
THERE is no other VITAL PHOS-PHITE, none that is extracted from living animal and vegetable tissues.—*Dr. Chapin.*

F. CROSBY CO.,

56 West 25th Street, New York.

For sale by Druggists; or by Mail in P. O. Order, Bill or Postage Stamps, $1.

46 46 1y

S. & A. Loeb.

Carpets!

Carpets!

Carpets!

THE LARGEST LINE OF

Carpets,

Oil Cloths

AND **Shadings**

Ever shown in Centre county, at the

Lowest Prices

ever conceived by the trade.

BODY & TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
3-PLY, EXTRA SUPERS
AND INGRAIN

CARPETS

in endless varieties of patterns.

Linoleum, Oil Cloths, Napier & Cocoa Mattings, Fancy Straw Mattings—Large Variety—Very Cheap.

HOME-MADE

Rag Carpets,

Window Shadings,

DADO SHADES,

(ALL COLORS.)

And none but the very best

WINDOW FIXTURES

known to the trade.

House-Furnishing GOODS

of all kinds, in large assortment at Bottom Prices.

S. & A. LOEB.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

He Believes He will Get Well.

NEW YORK, April 15—3 P. M.—At the consultation visit at 2 p. m. Drs. Sands, Shrady and Douglass were present. Dr. Barker was unavoidably absent. General Grant was in an improved condition as compared with that noted at the last general consultation. The treatment pursued was recommended to be continued.

When Dr. Shrady left General Grant's house after the consultation to-day he said in answer to a question put to him as he was stepping into his carriage that the general condition of the patient was improved. "How do you account for this steady improvement?" was asked. "The General's bad attacks have been caused by complications associated with the usual progress of the disease," was the answer. "These have been overcome for the present and of course he is better. The temporary irritation in the throat has been relieved and the result is what the bulletins have stated." "And do bulletins state everything?" was asked. "The bulletins deal with the plain facts of the case and with the facts only," responded Dr. Shrady.

During the consultation this afternoon General Grant remarked to his physicians in these words: "The doctors outside, I am informed, are writing about my case, and talking about it, and some of them seem to think they know more about it than you gentlemen, but it is like a time of war when the men at home think they know more about it than the generals who are on the field fighting." Soon after his throat was dressed this morning General Grant said, in remarking upon his improved condition, that he thought he would get well.

Further Improvement.

NEW YORK, April 16,—3 p. m.—General Grant continues to improve. His throat was examined to-day by Drs. Barker, Shrady and Douglass, and the local disease was found to have improved with the general condition. The pulse and temperature are unchanged. The general is feeling much better. He suddenly started down stairs and joined the family at lunch, taking everybody by surprise.

While Dr. Douglass was writing the 3.30 p. m. bulletin after the consulation this afternoon General Grant walked into the library, passed into the hall and called to Harrison. The servant did not respond and General Grant came in and walked down stairs and into the dining room where the family was at lunch. Each member arose at once with exclamations of glad surprise. A place was made at the table for the general and he seated himself. Then calling a servant the general, with a twinkle in his eye, sent word to Dr. Douglass that the entire family was waiting his coming to lunch. The doctor came down at once. "I got the best of you," remarked the general as Dr. Douglass entered the dining room. A merry chat followed, during which General Grant was helped to cut mutton and maccaroni. He cut the meat very fine and ate it. Afterwards he returned to his room, using the elevator.

A Snow Swept Train.

DENVER, Col., April 17.—A work train on the High Line division of the Denver and South Park railroad, left Wheeler's yesterday for Kokoma, where the company has been at work for nearly ten days tunnelling through the snow which blockaded the road. Some sixty laborers were riding on flat cars. While the train was running through a cut where the snow towered thirty or forty feet above the track, the fireman's elbow, which projected from the cab window, grazed the soft snow, boulders and gravel came thundering down, knocking the fireman off the seat and brushing many of the laborers from the cars against the opposite bank, where they were buried in the snow. The engineer, who was unhurt, quickly brought the train to a stop.

Those who were unhurt went to work at once to rescue the unfortunates, and the engine was sent to Breckenridge for reinforcements and physicians. Charles Klaus was killed outright. He was forced from the cars and ground under the wheels. The wounded are: James McMahon, fireman, severely injured internally and otherwise; John Holligan, both legs broken and badly crushed about the hips; L. S. Rhodes, internal injuries; C. S. Baker, breast and side crushed; M. Reid, severe scalp wounds.

These men, it is thought, will die. A large number received injuries which although painful, are not necessarily fatal.

The Rebels Still Active.

PANAMA, April 17.—It is reported that Papayn has again fallen into the hands of the rebels. Many radicals are being imprisoned at Buenaventura contrary to the conditions of the surrender. The government troops at Buenaventura are mutinous. Communication across the isthmus is uninterrupted. The health of the American troops continues excellent. A rumor prevailed here that one hundred rebels had been drowned at Colon. Inquiry fails to confirm the report.

Recommitted.

HARRISBURG, April 15.—In the senate this afternoon the anthracite mine law was recommitted in order to allow Schuylkill coal operators to be heard.

In the house the anti-discrimination bill was ordered transcribed for third reading, after the house had refused to substitute the section of Lee-Wallace requiring the posting of schedules for the fourth section of Hulling's bill.

Proctor's Coming Trial.

MONTROSE, April 15.—Proctor will be tried here this week for stealing a pack of $40,000 in cash from the United States Express Company's depot at Susquehanna. The robbery was committed in June, 1883. The money had been forwarded from New York to the First National Bank of Susquehanna.

Allen Pinkerton, then superintendent of the Pinkerton Detective Agency, took the case in charge. He was assisted by George H. Bangs and several skilled detectives. All employees of the Erie Railway and the United States Express Company were very closely watched, and all strangers who were in Susquehanna on the night of the robbery were located and a number of the best men detailed to investigate their character and to ascertain their occupations. Detectives were given temporary employment in the offices of the Erie Railway Company and the express company, while others played in all the gambling houses of Susquehanna.

Meanwhile Proctor, who had been foreman of the Erie boiler-shop at Susquehanna, was in Buffalo, but closely watched. It became known that someone in Buffalo had boasted to a noted burglar of knowledge concerning the robbery. It was found that Proctor had $11,000 in bank and was speculating in stocks. When he visited Susquehanna, November 1, 1884, being cornered by the detectives, he admitted putting his accomplices on the track of the money, but said he had no hand in the robbery. On Proctor's promise to entice his confederates from Canada he was permitted to go, but he failed to keep this promise and was shortly afterward arrested in bed at Proud Island. On March 28th last he nearly effected his escape from Montrose jail.

Turkey's Importance.

LONDON, April 15.—The sultan is coy, and is coquetting with both England and Russia. He probably never felt his importance in European politics so keenly as at this moment, when Mr. Gladstone, who formerly described him as the unspeakable Turk, is bidding for his favor against the Russians who whipped him in 1882. The Russians are making tempting overtures to Turkey, baiting the hook with provinces on the northern boundary, the possession of which would tend to consolidate and perpetuate the Turkish empire in Europe. The solicitude of both England and Russia for Turkey's friendship is, of course, caused by the latter's control of the Dardanelles, which command the entrance to the Black Sea.

There is, however, this important difference between the two suitors for Turkey's favor: England could force the straits and Russia could not. No ordinary was vessels of either navy could pass the Dardanelles castles and the forts and batteries which line the straits from the Ægean sea to the Sea of Marmora, but the forts could be silenced by two or three of the British monster turret ships such as the Invincible, Devastation, Terror, Alexandria or Hercules. Then these floating steel forts could be stationed at either end of the straits to protect English and exclude Russian vessels. These facts are as well known to the sultan as to the British admiralty, and it is firmly believed here that his friendship will eventually be given to the side carrying the heaviest guns.

Ducked by Indignant Women.

WESTON, W. V., April 14.—Everybody to-day is talking about a crowd of women ducking a widow obnoxious to them at midnight last night. The women are well known, and are highly esteemed. For some time past the widow, Mrs. Dodson, has been conducting herself in a manner which failed to meet the approval of her neighbors, and at an informal gathering of half a dozen women it was determined that an example should be made of her. Accordingly, about 1 o'clock last night seven or eight sturdy women met at the dwelling of one of their number, disguised themselves, proceeded to Mrs. Dodson's home, and knocked at the door. The unsuspecting widow opened it, whereupon she was seized by her assailants. A shawl was thrown over her head to stifle her screams, and the victim was rushed toward the river.

Mrs. Dodson made a desperate resistance, but was dragged to the bank and tossed into the ice-cold water. Mrs. Dodson managed to reach the bank and regain her home, when she gave the alarm. A search was made for her assailants, but no race of them could be found.

Death of Mrs. Admiral Reynolds.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., April 15.—A shocking accident occurred here at noon to-day, resulting in the death of Mrs. Admiral Reynolds. A party consisting of Mrs. Reynolds, Miss Reynolds and Miss Knowlton, of Washington; Mrs. Clarence D. Senseman, of Philadelphia, and a baby two months old, set out from Hampton in a flat-bottomed boat, rowed by two negroes, to visit Old Point. The wind was blowing hard and a high sea was running at the time and the boat was capsized within one hundred and fifty feet of the beach. All the members of the party were rescued, but Mrs. Reynolds died subsequently from exhaustion.

The Chinese Law Annulled.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Ex-Congressman Budd, of California, had an interview with the president yesterday, and stated that the order of Secretary McCulloch, admitting any Chinaman upon the certificate of a consul, practically annulled the law, and admitted residents of Hong Kong and other British possessions without question. The people of his State feel much aggrieved at this state of things, he said. The president expressed his sympathy with the Californians upon this question, and said he would call the attention of Secretary Manning to the matter.

Secretary Lamar out Riding.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Secretary Lamar appeared on Fourteenth street this afternoon on horseback, a thing the oldest inhabitant of Washington cannot remember ever having seen him attempt before. He rode a medium-size bay gelding of apparently amiable disposition, and sat him with as much confidence and ease as a Virginia farmer would exhibit.

His garb was hardly of knightly cut. Over the ordinary suit of black, in which he is familiar to all Washingtonians, he wore a heavy blue beaver overcoat and on his head a high silk hat, while in his hand he carried a silk umbrella, with which he occasionally gave his steed an admonitory thump.

Whether this is to be regarded as a compromise between the elegant coupe of his predecessors, which he disposed of soon after he took charge of the Interior Department, and the slow but simple method of going on foot does not yet appear.

Gunpowder for Glass-workers.

BALTIMORE, April 16.—Some time ago a large glass manufactory discharged all the men employed and closed one of the furnaces. The other furnace was kept running, and apprentices were employed. About six weeks ago a number of the apprentices struck, and threats were made against those who remained.

Ten of those who continued to work boarded at the corner of Eutaw and West Streets, and at a late hour last night an attempt was made to blow up the house. A can containing ten pounds of gunpowder was placed in the cellar, to which a fuse was attached. The fuse was lighted by a match worked by a string, and the explosion occurred as desired. The house was badly shaken, and one of the boys intended to be damaged was thrown from his bed, but received no serious injury.

Death of Secretary Edward Pierrepont.

ROME, April 16.—Edward Pierrepont, Secretary of the American Legation at Rome, died to-day. He was left in charge of American affairs in Italy by ex-Minister Astor when he returned to this country.

[Edward Pierrepont was a native of New York and belonged to the well-known family of that name. He was connected with the diplomatic service for many years and was regarded as a bright and efficient official. He was transferred from Paris to Rome, where he continued as first Secretary of Legation during Ministers Astor's incumbency. He has been Charged' Affairs since the return of the Minister. The Government is now represented at Rome by the Second Secretary of Legation and the Consul General.

Tennessee Style.

CHATTANOOGA, April 14.—For some time a gang of thieves have lived by robbing houses at Union City, on the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad. Two weeks ago the enraged citizens took the matter into their hands and hung three persons caught in the act of house breaking.

The depredations continued as usual. Last night a negro, whose name is unknown, and a white man named Bud Ferris, were captured while committing a burglary, and were hung to a tree.

Winter Wheat Badly Damaged.

CHICAGO, April 14.—The *Farmer's Review* says: "The most important fact during the last week is the development of the serious damage to the winter wheat crop. If we harvest a crop of 70 per cent. of the yield of 1884 east of the Rocky Mountains we shall do well. The crop has been badly winter killed, brought about by late seeding, severe weather early in January, and an unprecedentedly cold March. The seeding of spring wheat is progressing slowly."

Bishop Tuigg's New Coadjutor.

PITTSBURG, April 16.—Information has been received in this city from Rome that the Rev. Father Phelan, Vicar General of this diocese, has been appointed coadjutor to Bishop Tuigg, who has been ill for several years. It is understood that Bishop Tuigg has forwarded his resignation, owing to physical disability. In that event Father Phelan will be in charge of the consolidated diocese of Pittsburg and Allegheny.

Chicago's $200,000 Blaze.

CHICAGO, April 14.—The four-story stone and brick building, Nos. 83 and 85 Wabash avenue, took fire at nine o'clock this morning and together with its contents was totally destroyed. It was occupied by McLean & Retterer, hardware; Dean & Foster, druggists' sundries, and Smith & Patterson, photographers' supplies, and others. The total loss is placed at nearly $200,000.

An English Consulate Wrecked.

LONDON, April 15.—A dispatch from Erzeroum, the capital city of Armenia, in Asiatic Turkey, via Trebizond, states that marauders entered that city and attacked the British consulate. The building was wrecked and the consul wounded. The English government has made a demand on Turkey for the arrest and punishment of the offenders and that proper reparation be made to the consul.

Kidnapped for Philadelphia.

HAMILTON, Ont., April 16.—Mary Horton, 8 years old, was kidnapped here on her way to school this morning. Subsequently the child was found by the police at the Niagara Falls, N. Y., depot in charge of a woman calling herself Magurk, who was taking her to Philadelphia. The woman was arrested and brought here.

Fifty Persons Burned.

CAIRO, April 16.—Fifty persons were burned to death in a conflagration which destroyed several houses today in the town of Meleeg, a few miles north of this city.

Nature Demands a Tonic

When the nerves are unstrung, the head aches, the appetite is poor or variable, the sleep disturbed, and a general depreciation of vital power is experienced. Such a state of things cannot long exist without a development of serious disease. The most active and genial invigorant known is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The absolute purity of its spirituous basis and botanic ingredients gives it a permanent claim to public confidence, and its surpassing medicinal value is admitted by medical men of distinction, by whom it is widely used in private practice. For fever and ague—both as a preventive and remedy—dyspepsia, liver compiaint, bilious remittent fever, constipation, choleraic complaints, flatulence, and all intestinal disorders, it is a thoroughly reliable remedy. It is the anti-febrile specific par excellence of the malarial districts of this and other countries, where disease born of miasma prevail, and as a general household remedy it is also universally esteemed.

The Danger of Osculation.

Chicago Herald.

"Do you know," said a bashful swain to his sweetheart, "that doctors say there is danger of contracting diseases by kissing."

"Is that so?" she said, with an air of interest.

"So they say," he murmured; "do you believe it?"

"Well, I haven't much faith in doctors," she replied, blushing furiously; "besides, I've been vaccinated."

If that young man ever contracts the heart disease, it won't be his fault.

Dr. Mott on Speer's Port Wine.

The celebrated Dr. Mott, of New York, speaks wonders for Mr. Speer's efforts to raise the Oporto or Port Wine Grape in New Jersey. The Doctor has spent years in Portugal and the Wine districts of France, and knows what he is talking about.

62 Madison Ave., New York.

MR. ALFRED SPEER.—Dear Sir: The visit I made to your vineyards, wine presses and vaults at Passaic, N. J., satisfied me that the wines produced by you are pure and the very best that can be offered to the public for medicinal uses.

I have recommended your Port Wine and Burgundy: more particularly in my practice, I am satisfied with marked benefit to my patients.

There can be no better proof as to the Wine being made of the finest Orporto Grape than a visit like I made to your acres of land covered with the vine bearing the fruit.

I remain respectfully yours,
ALEX. B. MOTT, M. D.,
Prof. of Surgery, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, &c.

Another Wife Crushed.

"Are you ever going to stop talking and let me go to sleep?" said Crimsonbeak to his wife the other night when she was giving him a dose of neighborhood gossip.

"Well, I tell you what I say is true. I give you my word for it."

"That's just the trouble. If you didn't give me quite so many words about it I might believe it."

And then the room was as still as a store where they don't advertise.

Miss Emily Faithful, in the *Victoria Magazine*, says:

"CROSBY'S VITALIZED PHOSPHITES—It is with the utmost confidence that we recommend this excellent preparation for the relief of indigestion; nay, we do more than recommend, we really urge our readers to put it to the test, for in several cases personally known to us signal benefits have been derived from it use. We have watched its effects on a young friend who has suffered from indigestion all her life. After taking the Vitalized Phosphite for a fortnight she said to us: 'I feel another person; it is a pleasure to live.' Many hard-working men and women—especially those engaged in brain work—would be saved from the fatal resort to chloral and other destructive stimulants, if they would have recourse to a remedy so simple and so efficacious." Ask your druggist for it.

Literary circles are much interested over the approaching Sheepshead Bay and Monmouth Park season. It is anticipated that there will be a boom in book-making.

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms are moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching; very distressing, particularly at night; seems as if pinworms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected. If allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" is a pleasant, sure cure. Also, for tetter, Itch, salt-rheum, scald-head, erysipelas, barbers' itch, blotches, all scaly, crusty skin diseases. Box, by mail, 50 cts.; 3 for $1.25. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Phila., Pa. Sold by druggists. may6 1y

A correspondent says that people in India are rarely bitten by snakes, as boots are worn to protect the feet. How different it is in this country, where people can't keep the snakes out of their boots.

FITS—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. 16 27 1y

A twenty-dollar counterfeit bill was recently passed on a San Francisco Chinaman. The Chinese seem to be convenient to have around, after all.

The secret art of beauty lies not in cosmetics, but is only in pure blood and a healthy performance of the vital functions, to be obtained by using Burdock Blood Bitters.

Spring Medicine.

Why does everybody take a spring medicine? For three good reasons, viz.: I—Because one bottle of a blood purifier taken at this season will do more good than two at any other. II—Because the blood is in a more impure condition than at any other season. III—Because the system is so weakened by this impure state of the blood that it has not sufficient vitality to withstand the debilitating effects of spring weather. Hence, by common consent, people seek relief in medicine. The combination of Hood's Sarsaparilla commends it to our judgment as a good spring medicine and blood purifier. Such things as Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, &c., compounded by competent druggists like Messrs. Hood & Co., warrant us in suggesting that all in need of a medicine of this kind give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

THE French republic has had twenty-one ministries during the fifteen years of its existence. The Ferry ministry lasted a little over two years, which as things go over there, is a long life for a French ministry. The usual term of existence ranges from ten days to a year. If the French don't like a ministry they are not slow in voting it out of power, and they will probably keep on trying one ministry after another in rapid succession without finding any whose course will secure it a very long lease of life.

Don't Spill the Milk.

"There is no use crying over spilled milk," says the old saw. If you are not only bald, but have no life in the roots of your hair, there is no use crying over that either. Take both time and yourself by the forelock while there is a forelock left. Apply Parker's Hair Balsam to your hair before matters get worse. It will arrest the falling off of your hair and restore its original color, gloss and softness. It is a perfect dressing withal, clean, richly perfumed, cools and heals the scalp.

The New York prison officials are being hauled over the coals because they force convicts to attend one sort of preaching all the time. A murderer belonging to one denomination doesn't want to sit through a sermon by a preacher of another, and the officers ought to know it.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth! If so, send at once and get a bottle of **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.** Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething** is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. may18 1y

"It costs about $5 for a marriage and only $2 for a divorce." This makes the complete cost of a Chicago marriage come inside of $8.

Henry Shaenals, foreman Henry King Packing Co., St. Joseph, Mo., uses Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil with his men for sprains, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, etc. It is the best.

A Rochester clergyman startled his congregation last Sunday night by asking, "Is the devil a success?" The explanation offered is that the preacher was a newcomer to Rochester.

Liver, Kidney or Stomach Troubles.—Symptoms: Impure blood, costive bowels, irregular appetite, sour belching, pains in side, back and heart, yellow urine, burning when urinating, clay-colored stools, bad breath, no desire for work, chills, fevers, irritability, whitish tongue, dry cough, dizzy head, with dull pain in back part, loss of memory, foggy sight. For these troubles "SWAYNE'S PILLS" are a sure cure. Box, (30 pills), by mail, 25 cts., 5 for $1. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists.

Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Consumption.—All Throat, Breast, and Lung Affections cured by the old-established "SWAYNE'S WILD-CHERRY." The first dose gives relief, and a cure speedily follows. 25 cts., or $1.00, at Druggists.

London Hair Restorer—Great English Toilet Article. Restores growth, color, gloss, and softness. Removes Dandruff. Aristocratic families of Great Britain endorse it. Elegant dressing. Fragrantly perfumed. The favorite of fashion. At Druggists for 3s 1½d, or 75 cts. in U. S. money.

Miscellaneous.

Pine Grove Academy

Spring Term Opens April 20, 1885.

College Preparatory and Normal Department.

TERMS REASONABLE.

For particulars address
THOS. C. HOUTZ, A. B., *Principal*,
PINE GROVE MILLS, PA.
feb18d4w2m

SALESMEN

WANTED to canvass for the sale of Nursery stock. Steady employment guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Apply at once, stating age. (Refer to this paper.)
CHASE BROTHERS,
17 18 2m ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table April 6, 1885.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M	Mail P.M
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 05
Flemington	4 48	4 09
Mill Hall	4 52	4 12
Beech Creek	5 01	4 28
Eagleville	5 04	4 33
Howard	5 13	4 45
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 53
Curtin	5 22	4 58
Milesburg	5 30	5 07
Bellefonte	5 40	5 20
Milesburg	5 50	5 35
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 38
Unionville	6 02	5 49
Julian	6 12	6 01
Martha	6 22	6 12
Port Matilda	6 29	6 21
Hannah	6 37	6 30
Fowler	6 39	6 32
Dix	6 42	6 35
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 44
Vail	6 53	6 49
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	7 00
EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 10
East Tyrone	7 37	8 17
Vail	7 40	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 25
Dix	7 50	8 30
Fowler	7 54	8 32
Hannah	7 57	8 35
Port Matilda	8 05	8 43
Martha	8 13	8 51
Julian	8 23	8 59
Unionville	8 33	9 10
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 18
Milesburg	8 45	9 22
Bellefonte	8 55	9 32
Milesburg	9 05	9 47
Curtin	9 15	9 58
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 02
Howard	9 26	10 09
Eagleville	9 36	10 19
Beech Creek	9 40	10 24
Mill Hall	9 52	10 36
Flemington	9 55	10 40
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	10 45

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after April 6, 1885.

Leaves Snow Shoe 5.00 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6.06 a m

Leaves Bellefonte 9.55 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.20 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.40 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.51 p m

Leaves Bellefonte 8.25 p m., arrives at Snow Shoe 9.40 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, April 6 1885.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 28
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler	1 15	5 50
Marengo	1 25	5 55
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road	1 35	6 10
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Furnace Road	5 20	10 12
Loveville	5 26	10 16
Marengo	5 30	10 22
Hostler	5 40	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, April 6, 1885:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 20 p m
" " Harrisburg		3 20 a m
" " Williamsport		7 00 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 57 a m
" " Lock Haven		8 25 a m
" " Renovo		9 30 a m
" arr at Erie		6 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		7 40 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 15 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		2 55 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 35 p m
" " Renovo		5 05 p m
" " Kane		9 05 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		8 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 10 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 25 p m
" " Williamsport		7 10 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 05 p m
EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven		7 00 a m
" " " Jer'y S'r'e		7 20 a m
" " " W'mesp't		8 10 a m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g		11 30 a m
" " " Phila'phia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane		6 00 a m
" " Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 15 a m
" " Williamsport		12 35 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 43 p m
" " Philadelphia		7 28 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		1 55 p m
" " Renovo		10 40 p m
" " Lock Haven		11 45 p m
" " Williamsport		1 00 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 20 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 50 a m
WMPT AC'N leaves Williamsport		6 35 p m
" arrives at Harrisb'g		10 25 p m
" " Philadelphia		3 05 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

Miscellaneous.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

Steam Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

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WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

A FEW GOOD MEN to canvas for the sale of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Roses, &c. No EXPERIENCE REQUIRED. LIBERAL WAGES. Address H. J. BOWDEN & CO., Brighton, N. Y. 17 15 4t

WANTED.—Energetic, reliable men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. SALARY AND EXPENSES, or LIBERAL COMMISSIONS PAID. Full instructions given, so inexperienced men can soon learn the business. Address J. F. LeCLARE, Brighton, N. Y. 17 15 4t

AGENTS WANTED

To canvas for one of the oldest established and largest NURSERIES in the States. Established 1846. Business easily learned. For terms, address W. & T. SMITH, Geneva Nursery, GENEVA, N. Y. 17 18 4t

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York
17 16 4t

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Many trout were caught on Thursday.

—Buttercups are fashionable on spring bonnets.

—People generally are pleased with the present weather.

—Some Norway maple trees are being planted in Millheim.

—Barnum's circus will be in Williamsport on the 11th of May.

—Who will be appointed chief of police? is a pertinent question.

—How rapidly the great cavity between East Linn and East Lamb streets is being filled!

—Fifty-two applications for license Will be made at the May term of court in Columbia county.

—It now begins to look like genuine activity about the store rooms in James Harris' new building.

—Harrisburg has reached the centenary of its existence and its population is studying local history.

—Edward Houtz, of Madisonburg, died on the 16th inst. He was a valerable and highly respected citizen.

—The unusual noise at the railroad station at a late hour on Wednesday night was caused by the arrival of an "extra" freight.

—Col. Bain on the 7th of May. The Lowville (N. Y.) *Times* says: "Bain's lecture last evening was by far the best of the course."

—Henry Spyker, a former citizen of Aaronsburg, died in Effingham county, Ill., on the 7th instant, aged 69 years and 23 days.

—The ladies promenaded numerously on Thursday afternoon and the spring styles displayed afforded a pleasing study for an artist.

—The time for the running of trains on the Spring Mills and Lemont railroad has been altered and the new arrangement is much more satisfactory.

—J. A. Harper & Co. have a beautiful, highly decorated new delivery wagon which will be put on the streets as soon as they are in proper condition and which will surely cause a sensation.

—About five o'clock on Friday afternoon the air suddenly became chilled and disagreeable and people predicted snow. But it was only caused by Mr. Joseph Furey who walked out to take an airing.

—Everybody should read and read again the wonderfully beautiful poem on "Grant" published elsewhere in this paper. We have enjoyed its tender and pathetic beauty as much as anything we have ever read.

—The new moon was a conspicuous object in the western sky during the early hours of Thursday night. She was very diminutive, however, and didn't stay up long, greatly to the disappointment of her admirers.

—A new boardwalk is to be laid along the Curtin street side of Attorney Wilbur F. Reeder's handsome property. That's an improvement of the right kind and we hope others living on the south side of Curtin St. will follow his example.

—Williamsport boasts of two tramps who work. That is not so very remarkable as we have heard of at least one in Bellefonte who has been working for several days, receiving therefor his board and 50 cents per day. He works well.

—It is about time there were "new developments" in our pet enterprise, the Buffalo Run, Bellefonte and Bald Eagle Railroad."—*Centre Democrat.* There are "new developments." We have it on good authority that several stakes were driven along the line a few days ago and were informed only Wednesday that the line will surely be built as soon as the snow disappears and the dust begins to fly.

—Other towns are already choosing Memorial day orators. As it has been so long since Bellefonte has had an imported orator to discourse on that occasion that the memory of man runneth not to the contrary, surely this year the people should be given such a treat. Of course, our town is full of good local talent which loves to display itself on such occasions, but about once in a decade we want something from a distance—something new and fresh. Please make arrangements at once before the best speakers have made other engagements.

—Three consecutive weeks the following has appeared among the business items in the *Centre Democrat*: "Yesterday was April fool day, and Bailey got left." Now, that is a grand joke, but we consider it due the readers of that paper to state that we do not pay ten cents a line for it. Neither must the readers suppose that the repetition of the side-splitting joke is because of the "breaking down" of a brilliant editorial intellect. We hope, however, that everybody has enjoyed its mirth-provoking qualities to the full extent and suppose they will be pleased to see a change in the next issue.

Meeting of the Presbytery of Huntingdon.

The Presbytery of Huntingdon in session on Tuesday, April 14, in Tyrone transacted the following:

A call from the Milesburg church for one half the time of Rev. W. O. Wright was retained in the hands of presbytery.

The committee appointed to visit Peale, in Clearfield county, and organize a church if the way be clear, reported not having found the way clear and was discharged.

The report of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of Huntingdon presbytery was presented and the following minute adopted: Presbytery expresses its gratification at the progress and prosperity of the society.

Revs. Robert Hamill, D. D., J. L. Russell and J. H. Mathers, with Elder B. F. Custer were appointed to revise the standing rules and report them for publication.

On Wednesday Rev. M. L. Cook presented a request for the dissolution of the pastoral relation between him and the Philipsburg church and gave as the reason ill-health. After hearing the commissioners from the church, request was granted and the relation dissolved.

The report of the Woman's Home Missionary society of the Hutingdon presbytery was read and the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That presbytery desires to express the great gratification with which they have listened to the report of the work accomplished by the society. They bid them God speed in their noble work for the Master and commend them to the hearty co-operation of all our churches.

It was decided to hold the next meeting in the East Kishocoquilas church, Reedsville, Mifflin county, and Osceola was fixed as the place for the June meeting.

We take the above from the report in the Altoona *Tribune*.

Baseballists, Take Notice!

At a meeting of the Board of School Directors of this borough held on Tuesday evening, April 14, it was resolved to publish the following notice:

"All persons not belonging to or connected in any way with the public schools of this district are forbidden to enter the school grounds for the purpose of engaging in base ball or any other games, during the sessions of the schools."

This action is rendered necessary because of the fact that young men from the other schools and from the town generally resort to the grounds to play base ball while the schools are in progress, thus disturbing the exercises. Pickets are pulled from the fence to permit them to enter and the wall is broken down in some places The school board is compelled to spend money each year to repair these damages. The notices put in conspicuous places on the school ground for two years past should really be sufficient to prevent trespassing.

In conclusion, it may be well to remark that while this will prevent Mr. W. I. Fleming from engaging in this sport, Prof. C. E. Shaffer, being connected with the schools, can indulge in it to his heart's content. To overcome this bar to his pleasure, Mr. Fleming might come out for election as a member of the school board next time.

A Pleasant Wedding.

On Thursday evening at 5:30 o'clock an enjoyable event occurred at the home of Mr. W. W. Montgomery, it being the marriage of his daughter, Miss Celia H. Montgomery to Mr. John Bair. The ceremony was performed by Rev. John Hewitt, rector of the Episcopal church, in the presence of about seventy-five invited guests.

Miss Lida Holt, of Philipsburg, was the beautiful bridesmaid, and Mr. J. L. Montgomery, a brother of the bride, gracefully performed the part of best man. Four young gentlemen officiated as ushers, viz: Messrs. Chas. Richards, Edgar Swartz, John Bullock and Geo. B. Johnston. The wedding was very beautiful and impressive. The bride is a well known, handsome and popular young lady and the groom is a gentleman of excellent character, pleasant in conversation and very industrious. He came to this place from Pottstown and is now in the employ of the Bellefonte Nail Company.

The reception which began at 6:30 o'clock was continued until 8. The refreshments served were exceedingly choice. Among the guests from a distance were Miss Murson, of Philipsburg, and Miss Alma Maurer, of Mackeyville.

Mr. and Mrs. Bair departed on the evening train for Philadelphia. They have the best wishes of all for their future prosperity and happiness.

—The catalogue of Pennsylvania State College for the present year is neat and beautiful and a faithful indicator of the good work done at that institution.

Improvements Needed.

While it is desirable to keep all properties in good order, there are some places in Bellefonte which require attention at once and which without this attention threaten the life and limbs of pedestrians.

Particularly, we notice the boardwalk along the mill race and opposite Wm. P. Duncan & Co.'s machine shops. We don't know who owns this this property nor who is legally bound to keep the walk in repair, but we *do* know that it is dangerous to walk on, and even in bright daylight our reporter had to pick his steps with care lest he fall into a snare in the shape of a deep hole, or trip over a crazy, broken board.

The walk along Water street in the vicinity of the Water Works is also in bad condition. In several places boards have been removed or broken and not replaced, rendering it dangerous. Do not delay in making these much needed improvements.

There is still one more place which it occurred to us is dangerous as we walked along there Friday night. On Bishop street near the burnt district an open cellar extends into the pavement. A sober man, such as the DAILY NEWS reporter, could pass along there at any time without falling through, but in view of the fact that intoxicated individuals sometimes pass that way and a fall into a deep cellar is not the safest way to sober them, we believe the open space shold be covered.

—Among the most beautiful and thrifty collections of flowers in this place are those in the front windows of Dr. T. R. Hayes' Allegheny street residence. Mrs. Hayes has rare taste in the selection of flowers and thoroughly understands their cultivation. Now when the sun shines so bright and warm outside and there is really so little that is beautiful in nature to comport with it, it is truly grateful and refreshing to be able to see the bright blossoms. These hot-house flowers are really things of beauty and a joy forever, while out door blossoms are so evanescent in their stay as to be quiet unsatisfactory. Therefore, we admire, them and bestow infinite credit on those who will devote leisure time to their cultivation.

—The *Centre Democrat* of last week is "off the track" in regard to the "local squib" of which it complains. The writer of the squib was not a Democrat, but the regular reporter of this paper, and gave the "humorous side" of the post office contest as he heard it talked about among those who are supposed to know. Consequently, the writer was neither "in swaddling clothes or calling Union soldiers 'Lincoln hirelings,'" but instead he was a bully boy about six years old hurraning and beating a drum for the Union. All honor to Mr. Fox if he was a brave soldier in that grand struggle. Here's our hand, Mr. Fox, and if you get the post office we'll "drink from the same canteen."

For the Daily News.

Another Victim of Scarlet Fever.

Ida May McLaughlin was the daughter of Mary Hoover, and was adopted at an early age by Green and Jennie Watson, of Boggs township, Centre county. She was seized with the dread disease, and after four days' illness, she died on the 12th of April and was buried on the 14th; aged 4 years, 2 months and 1 day. Rev. J. Zeigler conducted the funeral services. Ida was beloved by us, but our Heavenly Father saw fit to call her to Paradise. Safe beyond all harm she rests forever blest.

Millheim Matters.

William Ulrich, of Millheim, and his brother Samuel, of Coburn, have contracted to saw the timber on a large tract of land in Brush Valley. About 1,000,000 feet of lumber will be taken from the tract.

Fourteen workmen are employed upon D. S. Kauffman & Co.'s new store building. This makes it look lively in that vicinity.

Mrs. Sarah Catherman is visiting in Union county.

Death of Mrs. Harvey Barlett.

A sad event on Tuesday morning, April 14, was the death of Mrs. Harvey Barlett, of consumption, at her home near Boiling Spring. She had suffered from the disease for a long time. She was about thirty-five years of age and was a lady who was much respected by all who knew her. She leaves a husband and several children. The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon.

—Prof. John Heston of State College was looking through the furniture warerooms of our lively town on Tuesday, the 14th. Even a Professor reaches that condition in life when he must buy furniture and begin housekeeping.

—The arrangements to build a new opera house are progressing finely. It will be constructed on the most approved modern style and will accommodate about 1100 people.

Cleaning the Sink Pipe.

A simple, inexpensive method of cleaning the sink pipes, when stopped up with grease, is as follows: Just before retiring at night, pour into the pipes enough liquid potash lye of 36 degrees strength to fill the trap, as it is called, or bent portion of the pipe just before the outlet. About a pint will suffice for a washstand, or a quart for a bath or kitchen sink. Be sure that no water runs in it till next morning. During the night the lye will convert all of the offal in the pipe into soft soap, and the first current of water in the morning will remove it entirely and leave the pipe as clean as new. The so-called potash lye sold in small tin cans in the shops is not recommended for this purpose; it is quite commonly misnamed and is commonly called caustic soda, which makes a hard soap. The lye should be kept in heavy glass bottles or demijohns, covered with wickered work, and plainly labeled; always under lock when not in actual use. It does not act upon metals, and so does not corrode the pipes as do strong acids. —*Hall's Journal.*

—Several arrests of young colored men have been made recently by our policemen. The principal charge against them is drunkenness and consequent quarrelling. The colored population of this borough have always been well behaved, but it is too evident to every one who passes along the street that there is a growing disposition among some of the young men to idle away their time on street corners, and idleness always leads to mischief. The more staid and sober members of the colored population should give these young men their attention and prevent them getting into serious trouble.

—Mr. Isaac Guggenheimer went to his safe a few days ago and attempted to unlock it as he had done dozens of times before. He signally failed and although he thought about the matter all day he could not remember the combination. But that night, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, while all around was silent and the mind not to Morpheus inclined, was free to think and plan, the missing link in that combination occurred to him with startling distinctness. The next time he tried the combination it worked like a charm and the chances are that he will never forget it again.

—The trial of John Gardner for the murder of his father-in-law, Geo. Warfel, is now in progress in Huntingdon county court, Judge Furst presiding. District Attorney Orlady and H. H. Waite, Esq., are counsel for the prosecution and Hon. R. M. Speer is defending the prisoner. Mrs. Warfel, widow of the murdered man, and Elizabeth, his youngest daughter, who have already testified for the prosecution, are very unlearned, simple people, being unable to read or write. Dr. Geo. W. Lupfer, of Wilsontown, also testified.

The Deepest Well.

On Wednesday of last week the *Daily News* said:

"The deepest well in the world is at Buda Pesth, Hungary, said to be 3200 feet deep. It is evidently not on a dairy farm."

Mr. William Fishel informs us that Washington county, this state, has the deepest well in the world—an oil well, 4200 feet deep. Perhaps, however, the item means the deepest fresh water well.

—Some people doubting what has been said of the feat performed by Messrs. Bryant and Clark, the glass workers at the factory here, we can further assert that they have made in three blowings 3200 feet of glass, which amounted to $30. That is the largest average ever made in the State of Pennsylvania west of the Allegheny mountains at the present scale of wages. This factory belongs to the Western District.

—The work of cleaning up the premises is going steadily on. From the rear yards of almost every home the smoke of the bonfire is ascending to heaven, carrying away with it unhealthful odors, and leaving sweetness and health behind. Shrubs and plants are drawing moisture from the earth and will soon develop buds and then leaves.

—"Checkers" continues to be the engrossing recreation of those who frequent the pleasant business office of Garman's hotel. Looking at a game in progress this morning was a gentleman who perhaps is the Bellefonte correspondent of the Lock Haven *Express*—but of that we are not certain.

—It is certainly worthy of record that Mr. T. Shaughensey and his assistants were at work Friday cleaning the street in front of the Bush House. It is so long since that part of the street has been free of mud that it will scarcely be recognizable.

—It is probable that the chief burgess will send the name of Isaac Lose, Sr., to council to be chief of police.

The Champion Hen.

The glass works and vicinity seems to be a favorable locality for champions of all descriptions. Not only do they blow glass down there faster than any other place in the known world, but one of the employes, Mr. Madison Burkhart, a German, has a hen who attends carefully and conscientiously to her proper sphere—laying eggs for the million. This wonderful hen is the only one having access to a certain part of the coop and Mr. Burkhart avers that the laid 12 eggs in the wonderfully brief time of four days—an average of three eggs per day. He is surprised, because the hen is an ordinary barnyard fowl that he purchased from a farmer who came around selling them.

Mr. Burkhart it is prepared to issue a challenge on behalf of this fowl to any hen in the world to beat it.

—Among the bills before the Legislature is an act to amend an act entitled "An act to empower Edward D. Trump to maintain a sheer boom and to erect a harbor boom in Pine creek," approved March 31, 1860. The new bill strikes out the whole of the act of 1860 and inserts a new act, which, it is claimed by lumbermen, will give Edward D. Trump, in the person of Peter Herdic, the control of all the logs running down Pine creek and make the Williamsport people pay tribute. If the bill should be reached, which is hardly likely, there will be a lively fight on it.

—The people of Huntingdon are endeavoring to apologize for the remarkable hair-erecting dispatches which are daily sent from that place to the city press. Don't apologize kind friends; even if the publicity your town acquires is not of an enviable sort. There is Chicago, with the reputation of having girls possessed of the most mammoth understandings in the world and having also the worst political bull-dozers of the Nineteenth century—even that city, we say, flourishes amazingly. So there's a future for Huntingdon.

—The small enclosure just in front of the public school building might be made quite inviting with a little more attention. For instance, the dead leaves and other collections of the past fall and winter should be removed from the sod and soon the grass will grow beautifully. This spot should receive the same care that is usually given to private premises at this season.

This is the best season in which to purify the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier. 100 Doses One Dollar.

—The Philipsburg *Journal*, which is so aesthetic that it is always printed on pink paper, is also opposed to the practice of keeping hogs within the town limits and advocates borough legislation which will relegate the innocent hog to the suburbs.

"ROUGH ON COUGHS."

Ask for "Rough on Coughs," for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness. Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

HEART PAINS.

Palpitation, Dropsical Swellings, Dizziness, Indigestion, Headache cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

"ROUGH ON CORNS."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"ROUGH ON PAIN" POROUSED PLASTER.

Strengthening, improved, the best best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia.

THIN PEOPLE.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Headache, Nervousness, Debility. $1.

WHOOPING COUGH,

and many Throat Affections of children promptly, pleasantly and safely relieved by "Rough on Coughs." Troches 15c. Balsam 25c.

MOTHERS.

If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

LIFE PRESERVER

If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"ROUGH ON TOOTHACHE."

Instant relief for Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache. Ask for "Rough on Toothache." 15 and 25 cents.

PRETTY WOMEN.

Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try Wells' Health Renewer.

CATARRHAL THROAT AFFECTIONS,

Hacking, irritating Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, cured by Rough on Coughs. Troches 15c. Liquid 25c.

"ROUGH ON ITCH."

Rough on Itch cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

THE HOPE OF THE NATION.

Children slow in development, puny, scrawny and delicate, use Wells' Health Renewer.

WIDE AWAKE

three or four hours every night coughing. Get immediate relief and sound rest by using Wells' Rough on Coughs. Troches 15c.; Balsam 25c.

"ROUGH ON PAIN" POROUSED PLASTER.

Strengthening, improved, the best for backache, pains in chest or side, rheumatism, neuralgia. 16 27 1y

Sechler & Co.

New Goods!

—o—

SECHLER & CO.

Proprietors of the only complete grocery in Centre county, announce to the people of the county that they are now receiving Fresh, New Goods for the

Spring Season

—or—

1885.

—o—

Stock Complete!

Nothing Wanting!

—o—

SPICES.—The best cook in the land cannot cook successfully without pure, fresh spices. These we have in every variety. Well-seasoned food adds to long life and happiness.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS.—In Sugars and Syrups we have all the best brands in the market. Much of the sugar now sold is adulterated, and in an article of this kind there is great waste. We buy from reliable dealers, and handle only the genuine goods.

TEAS AND COFFEES.—No breakfast can be thoroughly enjoyed without a good cup of coffee or tea. A drink of this kind is stimulating and goes right to the spot. Our Coffees and Teas are fresh and strictly pure. The fragrant odor which escapes from the steaming pot as it comes in from the kitchen will convince you of this. We sell more coffee than any other two houses in the county. Why? Because we sell the best and the people know it.

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, ETC.—In Nuts and Confectionery we have everything that is nice, and just what will please the young folks, and old folks as well. Our candies are all pure and wholesome; We do not handle the highly-colored, poisonous mixtures that ruin and decay the teeth. We have new Florida oranges (this fall's crop), fine Figs and Prunes, and a choice line of Canned Fruits and Preserves. Bear this in mind when preparing to Celebrate the merry holidays.

—o—

We make special mention of the above lines of goods because they are all leading articles at this season of the year. In other lines our stock is equally fresh and complete.

We buy the Best Goods and sell at the Lowest Figures.

Call in and inspect our No. 1 goods. Then you will know where to purchase when your cupboard needs replenishing.

Sechler & Co.,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte Pa

15-44-1y

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—That giddy thing
Called "gentle spring"
Is getting somewhat bolder.
She snaps her eyes
And loudly cries
To Furey, who doth hold her.
"See here, old chap,
Get off my lap!"
And gives him the cold shoulder.

—Gas.

—Kerosene.

—Electricity.

—Is electric light the coming luminary?

—Sunshades and straw hats are in blossom.

—Everybody not otherwise engaged is making garden.

—The whack of the croquet ball and mallet coming together is heard in the land.

—Mr. J. C. Brachbill's new residence on Curtin street is approaching completion expeditiously.

—The Mite Society of the Presbyterian church will hold a spelling bee in the chapel next Friday evening.

—That mock trial under the auspices of the Literary Society will be on the 14th of May instead of the 7th.

—Rev. Robt. Hamill, of Oak Hall, added his agreeable presence to the busy population of Bellefonte on Tuesday.

—Nothing more truely affects spectators to tears than to see a poodle dog leading a harmless young lady by a string.

—A party of young folks in Philipsburg have already arranged for an excursion to the woods in quest of trailing arbutus.

—Mr. C. P. Hilder has been adding some gold trimming to the olive green front of Mr. Wilkinson's store room. This renders it very beautiful.

—Mr. Harry Fry, an agreeable young gentleman from Warriors Mark, Huntingdon county, greeted friends in Bellefonte on Tuesday.

—Improvements are being made on Mrs. Wilson's High street residence. A bay window over the front porch will add to its attractiveness.

—Members of the Odd Fellows Lodge in this place will go to Lock Haven on the 29th of this month to take part in a grand parade to occur on that day.

—Mr. T. R. Reynolds is making rapid progress in the erection of his brick stable in the burnt district. The walls are almost up and an iron roof is to be put on.

—Mrs. Housel, who lived on Constans Curtin's farm two miles from town on the Jacksonville road, died Monday morning. The funeral took place on Wednesday at 9 a. m. at Zion.

—Dr. Henderson wrote to the New York *Union* of Col. Bain as follows: "I am willing that my judgment of public speakers shall stand or fall with the decision of the people who are wise and happy enough to hear him." In the Court House on May 7.

—One of the most successful social events which has occurred in Philipsburg for some time was a party given a few evenings ago by Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Barlow in honor of their son, Joseph, who had just graduated from Coleman, Bryant & Stratton's business college.

—D. L. Hooker writes to the Syracuse (N. Y.) *Journal*, of Col. Bain who will lecture May 5 in this place: "His wealth of ideas, his fine flow of language and his elegant diction are simply wonderful, while the sweet spirit of the man himself wins forever those who know him."

—On Sunday Rev. John Hewitt announced that next Sabbath will be the last occasion previous to his departure that he will officiate in the church here. During the present week until Thursday he will be pleased to welcome his friends to the rectory to bid them good-bye, and after Thursday until his departure he will be located at the Bush House.

—We greatly regret to learn of the death at an early hour Tuesday morning of Mr. Frederick Smith, of Bishop street. Mr. Smith had been ill for a long time, but recently seemed to be considerably better, and on Monday was able to walk out. In the evening he became worse and his family was summoned to his bedside, where they waited until he passed away from earth. He was about 63 years of age. He leaves a wife and quite a large family who have the sincere sympathy of this community. Funeral this (Thursday) afternoon at 3 o'clock.

MOMENTOUS QUESTIONS.

Settled by Council on Monday Evening.

THE STREETS TO BE LIGHTED WITH ELECTRICITY—PART OF HIGH STREET TO BE REPAVED WITH WOODEN BLOCKS—A NEW BRIDGE TALKED OF—B., N. AND L. R. R. ON SOUTH WATER STREET.

On Monday evening the council held a very important meeting. There were present President Crider, and Messrs. L. L. Brown, Hicks, Munson, McCafferty, Shortlidge and Hillibish.

There were no verbal communications, but there were three written communications. Two were from the Bellefonte Gas Company. One of these communications was a notification that as no propositions from the company to light the streets had been accepted, all gas would be shut off after the 20th inst. The second communication was another proposition from the Gas Company to furnish light to illuminate the streets. It is as follows:

To the Town Council of the Borough of Bellefonte:

GENTLEMEN:—We propose to light the streets of the borough of Bellefonte for the term of five y ars each and every dark night of the year from dark until midnight, at all points where lamps are now erected in manner following, viz:

By gas where gas lamps are now erected and used by the borough numbering at the present time 39 lamps and by coal oil where coal oil is now used numbering at present 33, for the sum of $1,355 per annum payable in monthly installments of one-twelfth; with the following understanding, to wit:

First, that wherever our mains extend we shall have the privilege of substituting gas lamps for coal oil lamps; said gas lamps and posts to be furnished by the borough; the borough to pay us in addition to the above stated sum the sum of 75 cents per lamp per month, for each and every gas lamp so changed or substituted for a coal oil lamp.

We to pay all expense of lighting and extinguishing the lights and keep up all necessary repairs during the continuance of this period.

The borough to have the right at any time during the period covered by this proposition to erect additional gas lamps wherever deemed proper upon the further payment of $2 per month per lamp, and additional coal oil lamps upon the payment of $1.25 per lamp per month.

This proposition to embrace a period of five years from the 1st of May, 1885, to the 1st of May, 1890.

BELLEFONTE GAS COMPANY,
ROBERT VALENTINE, Pres't.

The third communication was the following from the Electric Light Company:

To the President and Town Council of the Borough of Bellefonte:

GENTLEMEN—We respectfully offer to furnish you electric light for lighting your streets for one year from the first day of June, 1885, erect poles and wire the town at our own expense, keep the same in repair and will place the lights on or near the present gas posts and coal oil lamp posts at the following prices:

1st, We will furnish current to light the following lamps every night in the year from dark until 1 o'clock a. m. and will light and extinguish the same for the sum of $1312; i. e., thirty lights of 16 candle power each, twenty lights of 13 candle power each and twenty-two lights of 10 candle power each, making a total of 72 lights.

2d, We will furnish the same light named above from dark until daylight for the sum of $1600 for the year.

3d, We will furnish any additional lights that may be ordered by you at the rate of $16 per year for 10 candle power lamp, $18 per year for 13 candle power lamp and $20 per year for 16 candle power lamp—you to release us for failure to supply light on any night during period of repairs occasioned by accident or unavoidable cause.

We believe, however, that in view of the low price at which we offer you this light, that on nights when the moon is shining brightly, and there is no necessity for light, that you should give authority to some one of your honorable body to give us permission to cut off the light during that time; we, however, not to do this without positive instruction from the committee you designate, and then to turn on the light immediately if the sky should become cloudy and obstruct the light of the moon.

Very respectfully yours,
GEORGE VALENTINE,
Pres. E. E. L. Co., of Bellefonte.

Mr. Brown, chairman of the Street committee, made a very comprehensive report. He said that Burnside street has been surveyed and only awaits an ordinance of council to be declared open. In regard to High street between the two bridges and in front of the Bush House he reported the relative prices of stone and wood pavements and in favor of the latter. Also called attention to South Water street where the Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont R. R. line cuts into the street, exhibiting a draft made by Engineer White. He also recommended that the proposed sewer from Logan street diagonally across Spring street be abandoned and that the wooden sewer on Cherry alley be substituted by a stone sewer of sufficient capacity. At a later stage of the proceedings this recommendation of the chairman was adopted. He further reported that the walk along Dunlap street, opposite Duncan's machine shop, has been closed.

The Water committee through Mr. Shortlidge reported having stripped the water pipe on East Bishop street and found it frozen. His report contained natural philosophy, hydraulics and hydrostatics, and taught the important fact that water seeks its own level. He reported that the citizens of Logan street complain that the pipe of 1¼ inches now in use is not sufficient.

The Fire and Police committee reported the refusal of three lots, two on Bishop street and one on Logan, upon which to erect a hose house. Consideration on this subject was postponed.

The question being raised as to the authority to light with other substances than gas or kerosene, a communication from the borough solicitor was read showing the right to light in any way, provided no special tax is levied for a special kind of light.

A motion by Mr. Hicks, seconded by Mr. Hillibish, that the proposition of the Electric Light Company be accepted was postponed for decisive action until the arrival of Mr. George Valentine of that company and Mr. Adolph Loeb of the gas company.

Meanwhile, Mr. Shortlidge moved that the street in front of the Bush House be paved with wooden blocks, provided the price be satisfactory to council. Carried.

A motion was carried that the Street committee be instructed to report to council the cost of a new bridge across the race, said bridge to be supported with iron girders.

Messrs. George Valentine, Howard Lingle and Adolph Loeb having arrived, they were asked if they could make their propositions on a common basis as to time of furnishing light. Mr. Hicks and Mr. Hillibish withdrew their motion which was renewed by Mr. Munson seconded by Mr. McCafferty, with the addition that the acceptance of the proposition be subject to an article of agreement. This motion was carried by a vote of 6 to 1.

A petition from Mr. Pontius for a crossing on Curtin street was referred to Street committee.

Mr. Brown submitted a draft to council showing the line of the Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont R. R. on South Water street and the narrowing of the street near Parsons' house. It was shown that the street will continue to be the chief outlet for increasing travel in that direction, and a motion was carried that the said railroad company be required to agree to maintain the width of said street for travel and make satisfactory agreement with council to that effect.

On motion, it was decided to employ Mr. Geo. Weaver to canvass the town and inquire into the amount of water consumed and Messrs. D. Z. Kline and Wilbur F. Reeder to levy water tax in the same manner as was done last year.

After discussing some minor matters and passing bills, council adjourned. The session lasted until about 11 o'clock and, as our readers can notice, it was a very important one.

Death of Alexander Davidson.

Mr. Davidson was a well known and much respected citizen of Union township. He was married twice; his first wife having died, he married the widow of Green Watson, who was suddenly crushed under a car load of lumber some where about Snow Shoe quite a number of years ago. Mr. D's two families numbered eight grown up children and Mr. W's four making as far as the writer knows twelve in all, all married. Mr. Davidson was an orderly citizen and professedly a Christian, having been a member of Messiah's church in which he held office for many years. He followed coaling principally for a livlihood and made himself owner of a good farm, which supported him in his past years. He fell into gradual decline and breathed out his last on the 17th of April, '85. His remains were interred in the graveyard of the Central Messiah's church on last Sunday, Rev. J. Zeigler officiating. He was aged 76 years, 7 months and 28 days; resting in hope of a resurrection with the just.

—Water pipes are still frozen up in some parts of the town, and for three months past many people who pay for water have had none to use.

Gov. Curtin and the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the Inauguration.

Now that the surf of the ocean of newspaper gossip and exaggeration in regard to the so-called "looting" of the members of certain regiments of N. G. Pa., has rolled back and the original theory of the wholesale *vandalism* is exploded, it is time to calmly cast up accounts and strike the balance. What then are the facts? There were almost 7,000 of the Pennsylvania citizen-soldiers in the Inaugural procession. Each individual member of National Guard of Pennsylvania paid his own expenses of the trip to Washington. They constituted more than half of all the troops in the procession. Their marching was as steady and as perfect in soldierly bearing as that of the "regulars." As to the morale of the troops, it is evident that in recruiting regiments from the mining, lumbering and manufacturing districts more attention must necessarily have been given to the physical qualifications than to the private character of the men.

Of course no defense is attempted of illegal acts alleged to have been committed; but to be just, account must be taken of all the circumstances weighing upon the case. It appears, then, that less than a dozen members of N. G. of Pa., being perhaps under the influence of liquor, were guilty of *protesting*, by the employment of physical force, and the performance of acts not justified by the code, against the payment of 25c. to 30c. a piece for sandwiches and 15c. to 25c. a glass for beer, and other articles in the same proportion, which the Washington shopkeepers extorted and were attempting to extort from the soldiers. But were all the misdeeds perpetrated by the Pennsylvania troops? Were not the honest yeomanry of Pennsylvania maligned and made scapegoats of all the peccadillos alleged to have been committed by the militia of all the States? Now to figures—the truth: The total amount claimed by the shopkeepers at the capital, as taken by the "marauders," is $89, and it is clearly established that where illegal acts were committed, it was a result of attempted extortion—gross overcharging. Now, on the other hand, let us consider the aggregate profits to the Washington shopkeepers from the influx of the 7,000 members of the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

A fair calculation shows that each spent at least $10, which would make a grand total of $70,000 left in the capacious pockets of the aforesaid tradesmen.

These facts and figures speak volumes and render further comment superfluous.

But, to the personal incident, the subject of this sketch: When the commissioners of the District of Columbia took official cognizance of the charges much indignation was expressed by the prominent Pennsylvanians in Washington at the undue amount of publicity given to the unfortunate affair.

The "Old War Governor," immediately on hearing of it, went to the office of the District Commissioners to put a stop to the mountainous proportions of the newspaper gossip about it. He asked the value of the stolen property. The amount was $89. The Governor, true defender of the good name and interests of the Keystone State, tendered his check, then and there, for the above amount, which the commissioners declined to receive. "Take it," insisted the Governor, "and stop the d—n newspaper talk." "But," rejoined the commissioners;" it is no debt of yours. We have no right to receive your money for it." "Take it," earnestly insisted the Governor; "Pennsylvania will pay me. She is rich enough to pay all her debts."

—What is being done on the Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont Railroad? The grading seems to have been entirely completed and the weather will permit the laying of rails, and the sooner this is done the better it will be for the road. It will surely not repay the company to let the summer pass without finishing the road and then devote next winter to this work. Although, of course, Bellefonte business men are not quite certain that the completion of this road will be a benefit to the town, yet because we want to see business enterprises of this sort rushed through we would be pleased to witness its completion and enjoy the novelty of seeing trains of cars go all the way through the town. It will also be a welcome change to travelers to be able to come in town one way and pass out another, instead of always making entrance and exit on the same line.

—There is a large quantity of very fine broken stone along Water street. It is made from the rock which was taken from the hillside during the winter and will be excellent to apply on some of the streets which are in such a soft, muddy condition.

Gen. Beaver for Governor.

We take the following from the Pittsburg *Leader* of Wednesday, the 15th. It reads much like the open, frank and emphatic expression of opinion that might be expected from a gentleman like Mr. Fortney, who perhaps will also be a candidate for Governor some day:

The Hon. D. F. Fortney, of Bellefonte, Pa., is in the city trying some cases in the United States court. He is Democratic in politics, but is a neighbor of Gen. James A. Beaver, who resides at Bellefonte. Speaking of General Beaver this morning, he said: "Although he is not of my political faith, I have a high regard for him. In our part of the State it is generally conceded that he is a candidate for gubernatorial honors, and I think he will be nominated and elected. I believe that most of the Independent element that opposed his former candidacy will uphold him this time. It is to General Beaver's credit, as evidence of his loyalty to party, that his most ardent opposers in the Republican ranks were strong Blaine men, some of them personal friends of Blaine. Notwithstanding this fact, Beaver was on the stump for Blaine from October to the very eve of election. Another reason why I think Beaver will be doubly welcome is the fact that Pattison has dissatisfied a great majority of the Democrats in the central and eastern portions of the state. His reappointment of the state superintendent of instruction was especially obnoxious to Democrats in our section of the state. In view of the way matters have shaped themselves and the course Beaver has pursued it seems to me that he is in every way stronger than he was three years since, and if he is nominated, something I regard as a foregone conclusion, he will surely be elected."

—Some unhung villian perpetrated a great burglary in this place during the darkest part of black midnight some time ago. The particulars of this crime are not known to our reporter, but the burglar has been arrested, examined and bound over for trial on heavy bail. He will be tried on Thursday evening, May 14, before the Literary Society and the public of Bellefonte. Then and not until then will the complete particulars be revealed. The trial will be a notable one because of the fact that the offender is an old criminal whose face is familiar to all the rogues' galleries of the world. Very eminent legal talent will be displayed on both sides and there will be splendid bursts of forensic eloquence. Admission to mock trial, 10 cents.

—We notice that the boardwalk opposite Wm. P. Duncan & Co's foundry has been closed—in a fashion—but not properly. A barrier in the shape of timbers across the walk impedes progress the entire length of it. But these barriers should be placed at either end of the bad part of the walk. Monday afternoon we saw a lady cross the creek from the railroad track and approach all the way to these cross timbers before she observed them. Then she was forced to retrace her steps and continue her way on the railroad. Fix it right gentlemen.

—Miss Mary C. Gates, daughter of Mr. David Gates, of Loveville, was married on Thursday at 2:30 o'clock to Mr. Elmer E. Scruders, of Tyrone. The ceremony was solemnized at Warriors Mark by Rev. G. W. Bouse. The happy couple visited Loveville on Friday where they tarried until evening and then departed for Tyrone where they will reside. The bride is a young lady of pleasing appearance and the possessor of many accomplishments. The groom is the engineer at the paper mill in Tyrone. That a happy future awaits them is the wish of the REPUBLICAN.

—A young man named Hackerman, of Mifflin, who was running as extra freight brakeman on the P. R. R., was killed on Allegheny street, in Huntingdon, at an early hour Thursday morning. When the train reached Coal Siding below town he was missed from his post of duty, but his lantern was standing on the bumper. The unfortunate man must have fallen off in front of the Mobus hotel, as he was dragged down to the old Exchange where he was discovered by Will Wilson, who was awakened by his moanings. He was horribly mangled and only lived a short time.

Railroad News.

Hon. L. A. Mackey, President of the Bald Eagle Valley R. R. and one of the directors and controlling spirit in the B., N. and L. R. R., was in this place Wednesday. His mission was to procure the right-of-way for the Valentine branch railroad, for which there are two routes—the route through Armor's Gap and the Ross route. As soon as the right-of-way is procured the road will be put under contract.

Personal Pencilings.

R. H. Kreamer will erect a new house in Millheim.

Edward Shafer, of Madisonburg, is now clerking for Joseph Brothers.

Mr. Harry Brew, of Altoona, was noticed in Bellefonte Friday morning.

Judge Furst continues to grow in favor among all the people of this district.

A. G. Curtin, Jr., is surrounding his fine property on Curtin street with a neat fence.

Dr. VanTries, of Baileyville, arrived in Bellefonte on the 9:32 train Saturday morning.

Mr. Mike Garwin, of Snow Shoe, spent Sunday with his mother and friends in Tyrone.

Mr. A. Brockerhoff is in Virginia looking after valuable lands which he owns in that state.

Mrs. Harry Schroyer is enjoying the pleasure of a visit at her maiden home in Camden, N. J.

Mr. John T. Johnston's term as postmaster will expire May 5. The office is worth $1900 per year.

Mr. Kitzmiller, of the Telephone Exchange, put up some telephones in the vicinity of Howard on Thursday.

Miss Belle Rankin, of Boalsburg, has been visiting her friend, Miss Bertha Reilly, of Bellwood, Blair county.

D. F. Fortney, Esq., returned from Pittsburg Friday morning, bringing a good supply of warmer weather with him.

Mr. J. M. Bell, of this place, after spending several months in business in New Jersey, arrived in Bellefonte Saturday evening.

Wilbur F. Reeder, Esq., is making improvements about the premises of his handsome home at the corner of Allegheny and Curtin streets.

Mrs. John Orvis, wife of ex-Judge Orvis, was a passenger on the departing 9:32 train Tuesday morning, her destination being Philadelphia.

Miss Clara, a daughter of Major Fisher of Penn Hall, is to be married in a few days to T. Benton Ulrich, editor of the Selinsgrove *Times*.

Mr. Wm. R. Jenkins and Mr. Frank McCoy are traveling in the Eastern States. New Haven, Conn., was one of the points reached by them.

R. M. Magee, Esq., departed for Lebanon on Monday evening. He is a great traveler and succeeds in transacting much business wherever he goes.

Mr. Sol. Goldsmith, of the Bee Hive dry goods, is at home again after purchasing a stock of new goods of exceptional elegance and attractiveness.

Mr. C. G. McMillen has just recovered from a very serious indisposition lasting since his trip to Washington with the National Guard on the occasion of the inauguration.

Mrs. Brown, accompanied by her son, E. Brown, Jr., depaarted on Tuesday for Philadelphia. Mrs. Brown has been quite alarmingly ill of late and goes to Philadelphia to consult a physician.

Mr. Edward McHugh, of Saxton, manager for Robert Hare Powell & Co.'s extensive coal and iron interests in Clearfield county, was in Bellefonte yesterday looking after the interest of his firm.

Mr. T. R. Budinger spent a few hours in Bellefonte Wednesday and attended to his business here rapidly enough to take the 9:05 a. m. train for Snow Shoe. It is not every day that he gets left.

Miss Anna Meese, who has been spending the Easter vacation at her home in this place, being accompanied by a charming school friend, Miss Mabel Van Vorris, of Newark, Ohio, departed on Monday for Birmingham Seminary. It *is* unnecessary to add that the brief visit of these young ladies was highly appreciated by all their friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gray of Matternville, were in town on Saturday, Mrs. Gray attending to some shopping and Mr. G. transacting business. They are very in eresting young people, having been married not very long ago, and many of their most intimate friends met them then to tender congratulations for the first time since the important event. Mrs. Gray was formerly Miss Emma Ray, of Tyrone.

MARRIED.

SEGAL—ELLENBARGER.—At the house of Samuel Ellenbarger, on the 30th of March, by John H. Lever, Esq., William Segal and Miss Annie Bell Ellenbarger, all of Half Moon township.

DAVIS—MYRES.—At Juniata Mines, on the 29th of March, by John H. Lever, Esq., Benjamin F. Davis and Miss Mary M. Myres, all of Half Moon township.

WATKINS—ROWLES.—At the Evangelical parsonage, in Morrisdale Mines, Pa., April 14, 1885, Mr. John Watkins, of Marsh Creek, Centre county, Pa., to Miss Viola Victoria Rowles, of Sanborn, Clearfield Co., Pa.

SMITH—LONG.—On the 14th of April, by Rev. W. E. Fisher, Elmer C. Smith and Priscilla Long, both of Millheim, this county.

DECKER—HECKMAN.—On the 9th of April, by Rev. W. E. Fisher, of Centre Hall, George R. Decker and Rebecca A. Heckman, both of near Spring Mills.